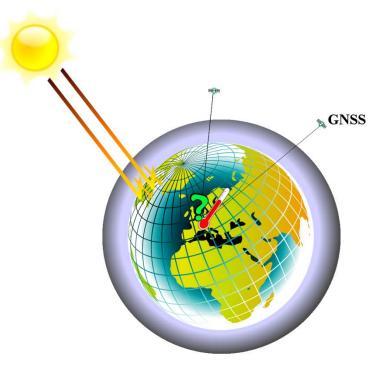


# Analysis of long-term temporal variations in atmospheric water vapor time series

F. Alshawaf, G. Dick, S. Heise, T. Simeonov, S. Vey, T. Schmidt, and J. Wickert

German Research Center for Geosciences GFZ



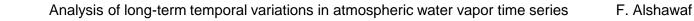




## **Motivation**

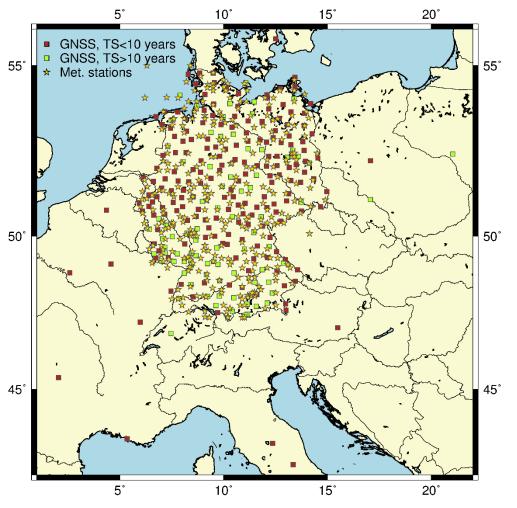
- Improving the assessment of past and projected impacts of climate change
- Monitoring atmospheric variables:
  - Temperature
  - Precipitable water vapor
  - Precipitation
  - Ice and snow
- GNSS are not sufficient and time series are not long enough
- Meteorological data, Radiosonde, Reanalysis and model data
- Data homogenization



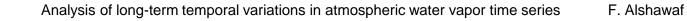


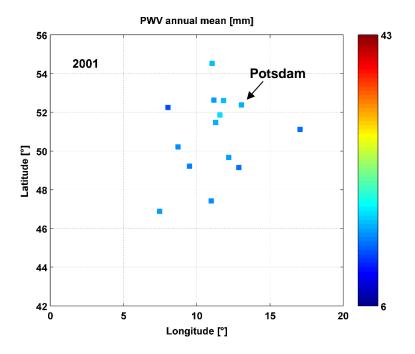


- GPS-based PWV, ZTD, ZWD, at 15 minutes
- 278 sites
- 84 sites with time series > 10 years



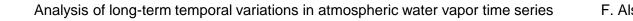








4



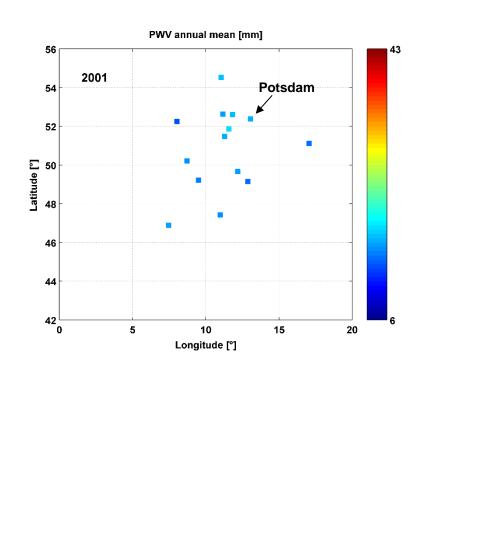
HELMHOLTZ F. Alshawaf

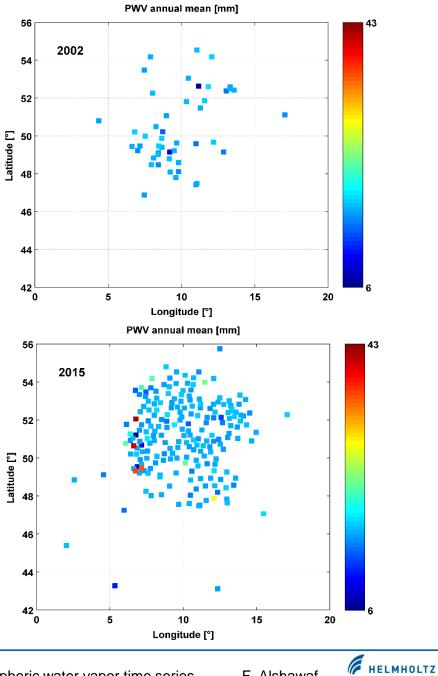
GEMEINSCHAFT

GFZ

Helmholtz Centre

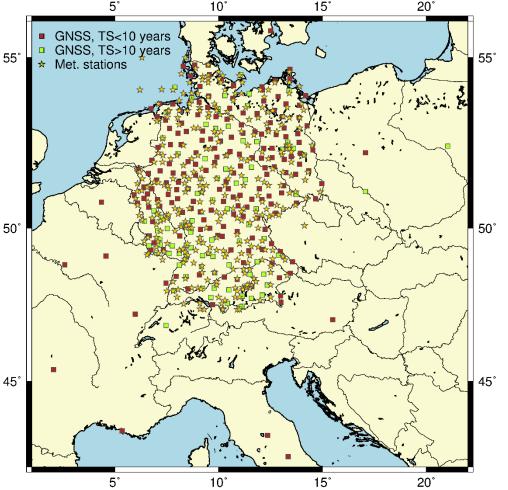
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Analysis of long-term temporal variations in atmospheric water vapor time series

- GPS-based PWV, ZTD, ZWD, at 15 minutes
- 278 sites
- 84 sites with time series > 10 years
- 326 meteorological stations from the German weather service (DWD)
  Climate Data Center (CDC)
  <u>ftp://ftp-cdc.dwd.de/pub/CDC/</u>
  Hourly observations of P, T, RH, etc.
- Radiosonde, 2 measurements/day
- ERA-Interim at 6 hours and 60 km × 60 km, since 1979





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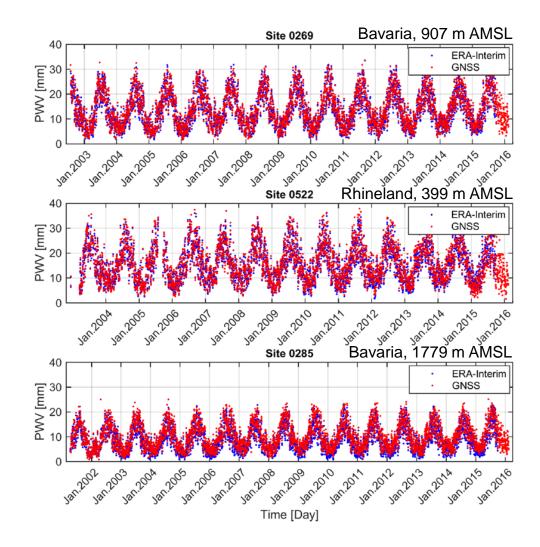
Analysis of long-term temporal variations in atmospheric water vapor time series

F. Alshawaf

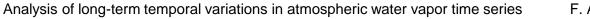
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- Downscaling
- Vertical interpolation
- Daily mean values

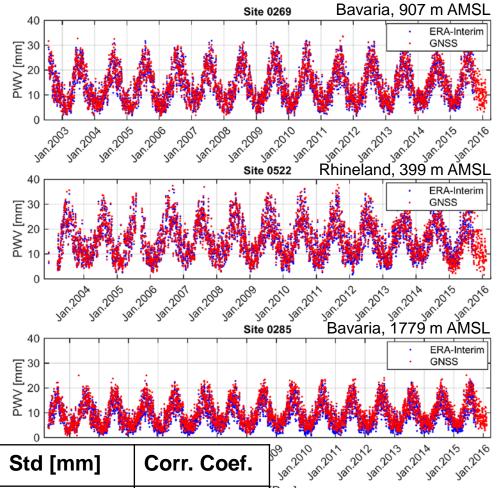






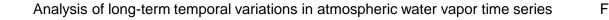


- Downscaling
- Vertical interpolation
- Daily mean values

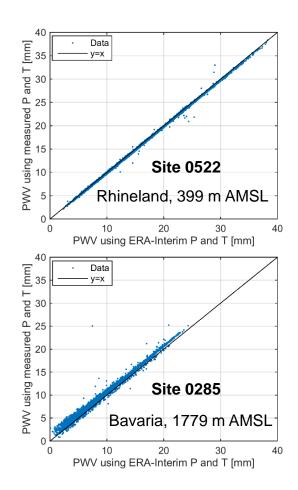


	Mean [mm]	Std [mm]		209 Jan.2
Site 0269 (Bavaria)	-0.275	0.33	0.998	[Day]
Site 0522 (Rhinland)	0.205	0.189	0.999	
Site 0285 (Bavaria)	-0.598	0.492	0.983	





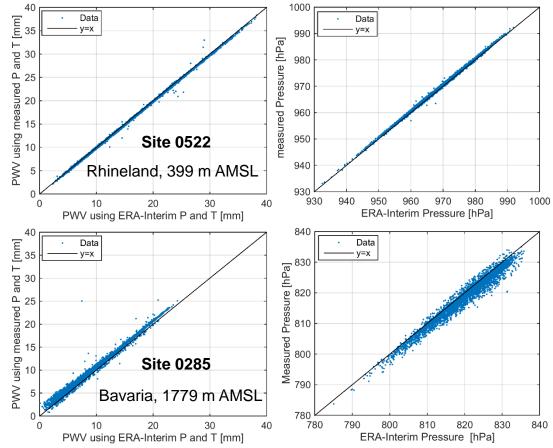
- Using ERA-Interim pressure and temperature
- Downscaling and vertical interpolation







- Using ERA-Interim pressure and temperature
- Downscaling and vertical interpolation
- ERA-Interim data are good replacement for synoptic data

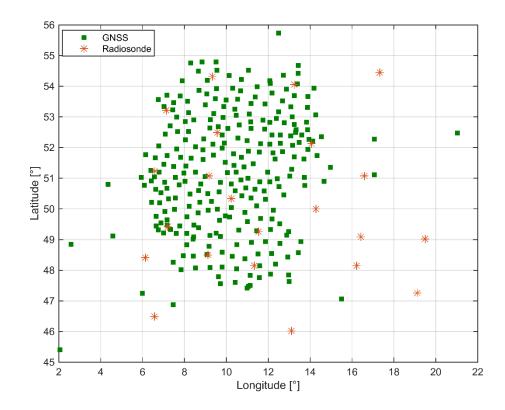


	Mean [hPa]	Std [hPa]	Corr. Coef.
Site 0522	-0.59	0.36	0.999
Site 0285	1.3	1.32	0.983



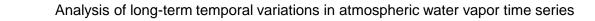
10

#### **GNSS and Radiosonde**

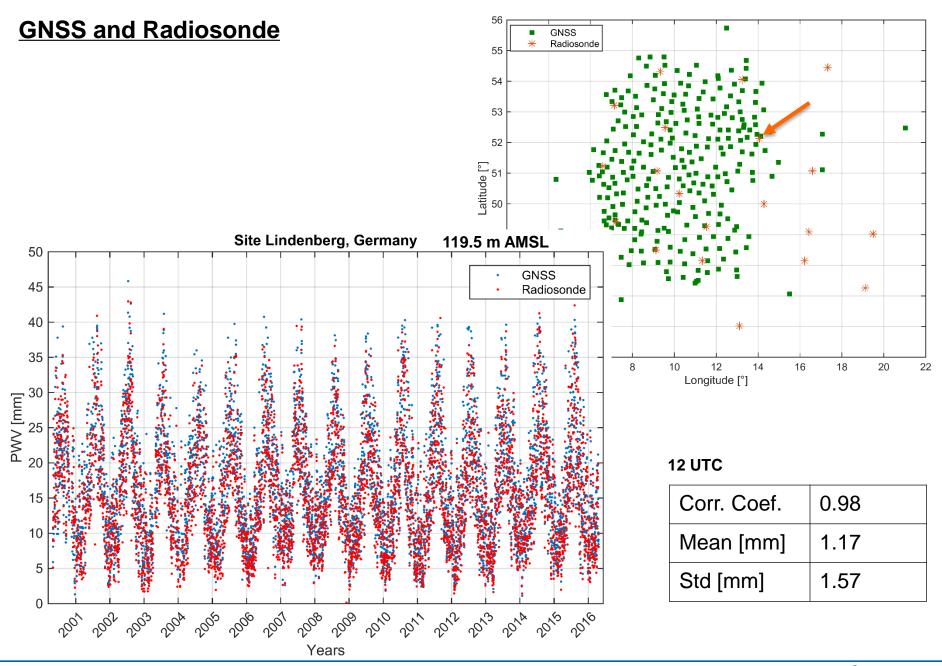




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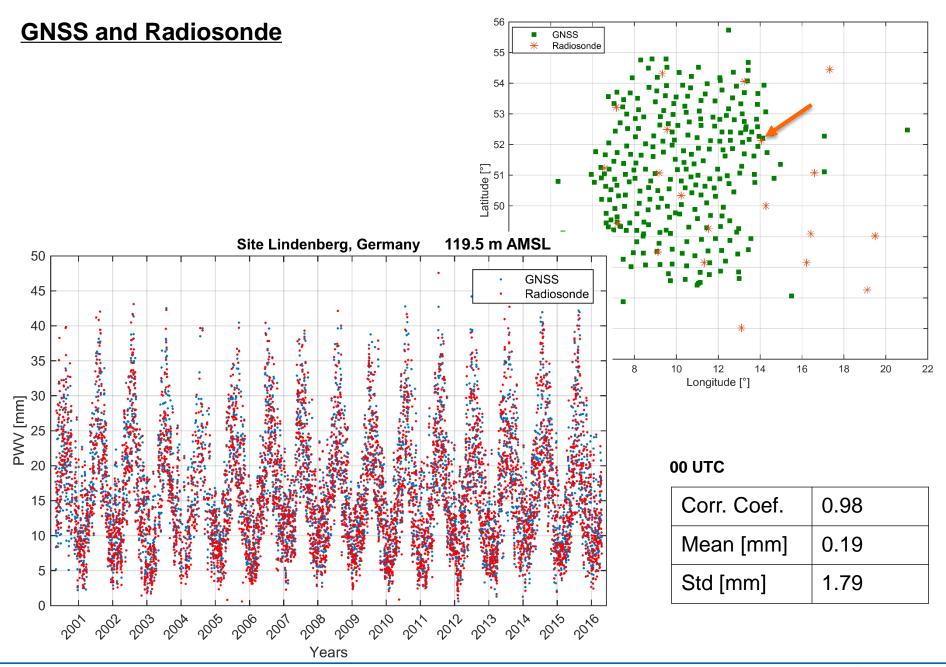


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POTSDAM

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Analysis of long-term temporal variations in atmospheric water vapor time series



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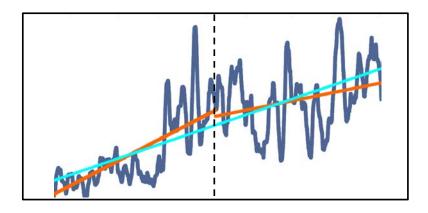
POTSDAM

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Analysis of long-term temporal variations in atmospheric water vapor time series

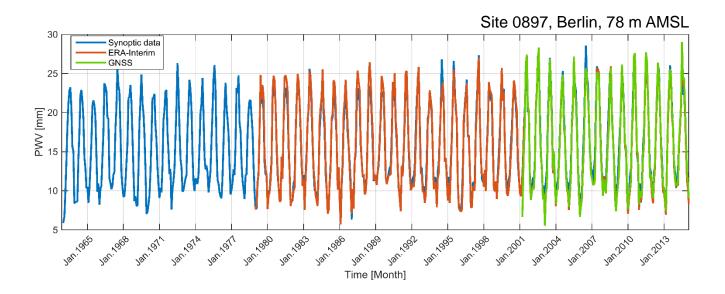
- Trend analysis
- For climatology, 15 years is too short!
- Other long-term data sets:
  - ERA-Interim reanalysis data
  - Synoptic data
- Using the Reitan relation:
- $\ln PWV = a Td b$
- *a* = 1.288, 1.249, 0.981
- b = 0.0384, 0.0427, 0.0341 for hourly, daily, and monthly data, repec.

• 
$$T_d = T - \frac{(100 - RH)}{5}$$

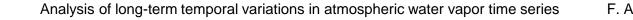


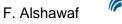
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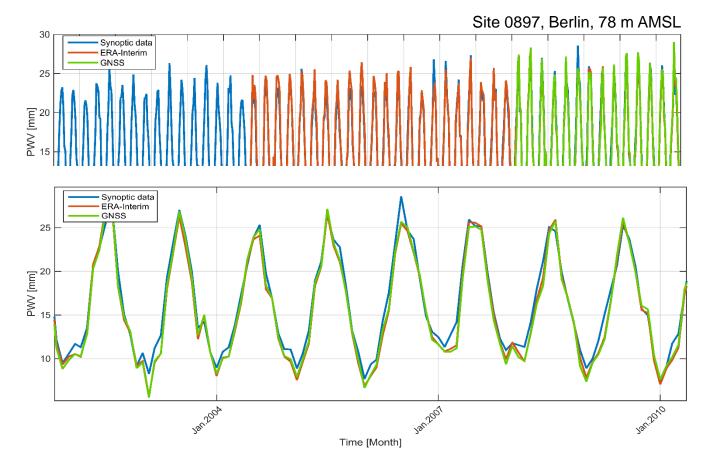
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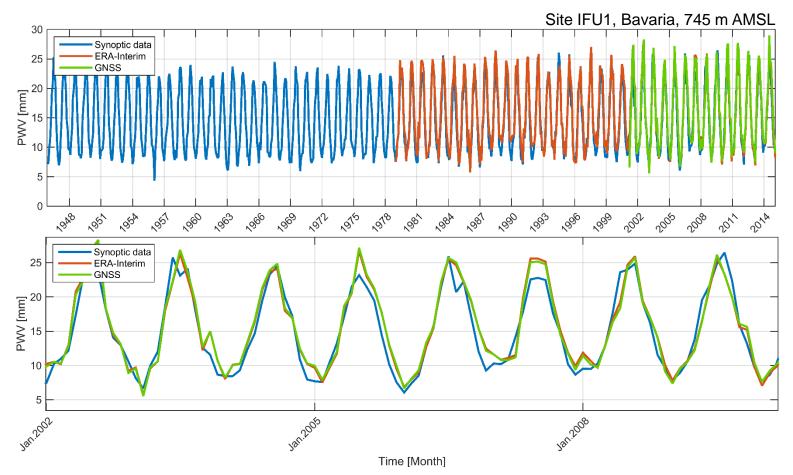
	Mean [mm]	Std [mm]	CC
ERA-Interim/GNSS	-0.184	0.539	0.996
ERA-Interim/Synoptic	-0.1933	0.9745	0.987

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Analysis of long-term temporal variations in atmospheric water vapor time series

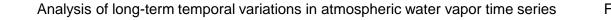




	Mean [mm]	Std [mm]	CC
ERA-Interim/GNSS	-0.184	0.539	0.996
ERA-Interim/Synoptic	-0.835	1.53	0.965

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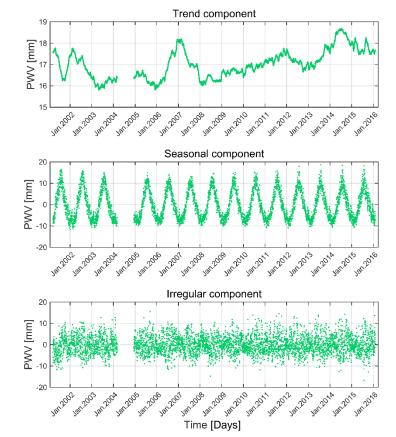
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## **Determination of Decadal variations**

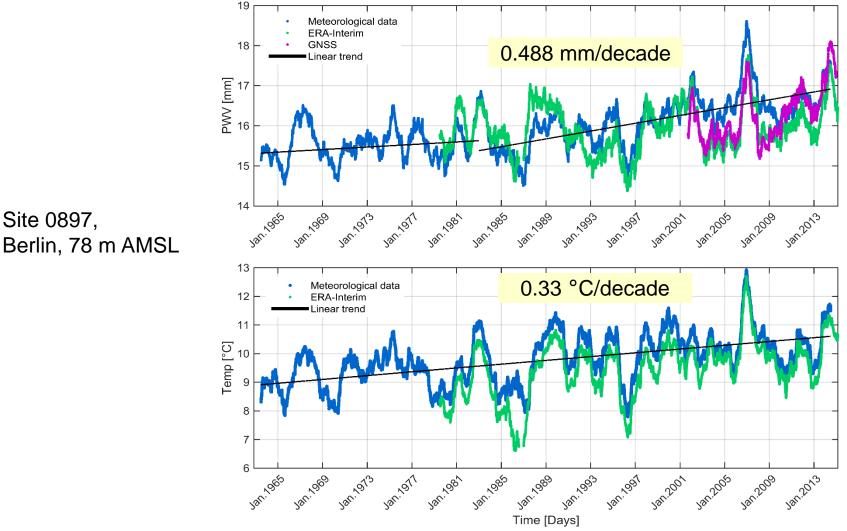
- PWV and temperature time series have:
  - Trend component
  - Seasonal component
  - Irregular component
- Trend estimation with moving average filter
- Estimation of the seasonal signal from the detrended signal
- Iterative solution

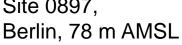






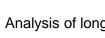
#### **Determination of Decadal variations**





GFZ

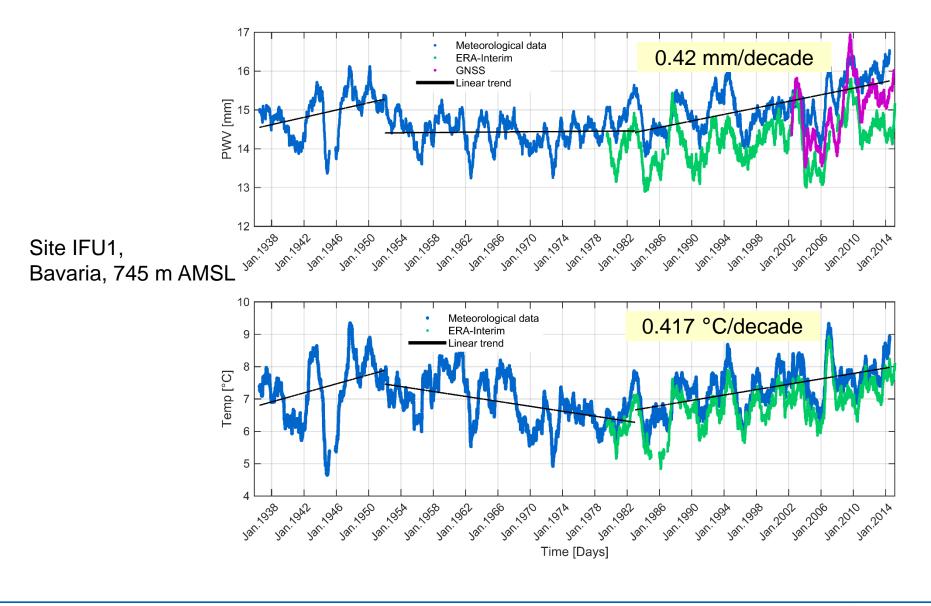
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Analysis of long-term temporal variations in atmospheric water vapor time series

F HELMHOLTZ F. Alshawaf **GEMEINSCHAFT** 

#### **Determination of Decadal variations**





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F. Alshawaf

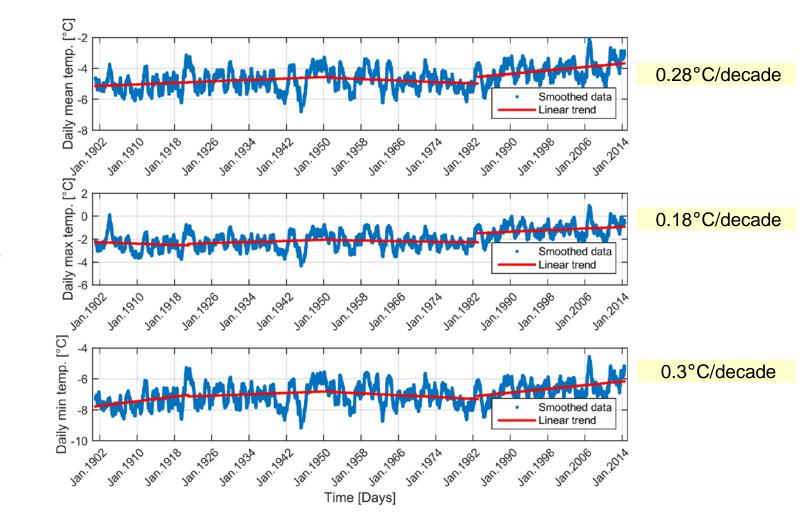
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HELMHOLTZ

**GEMEINSCHAFT** 

#### **Determination of decadal variations – Temperature**

Site ZUGS, Bavaria, 2963 m AMSL



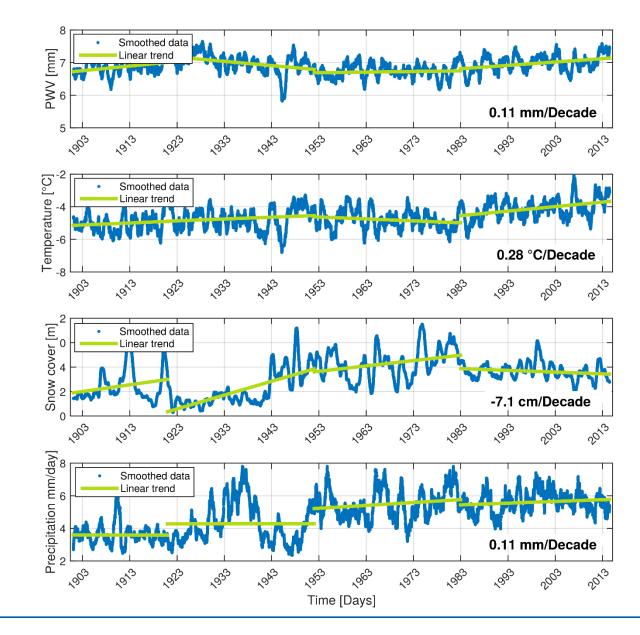


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#### **Determination of decadal variations – Precipitation and snow**



Site ZUGS, Bavaria, 2963 m AMSL

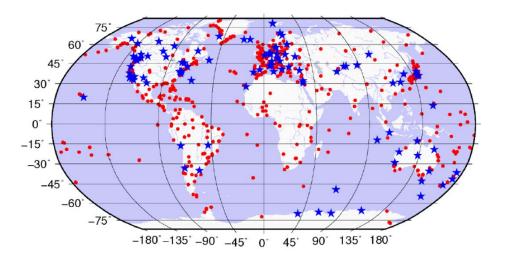




## Data homogenization

- 101 GPS stations
- 47 contain change points
- Mainly due to inconsistencies in PWV time series made by hardware replacement and installation
- ERA-Interim, also showed change points
- The radiosonde RH measurements are not homogenized before assimilated into ERA-Interim

Ning, T., J. Wickert, Z. Deng, S. Heise, G. Dick, S. Vey, and T. Schöne, 2016: Homogenized time series of the atmospheric water vapor content obtained from the GNSS reprocessed data. J. Climate. doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-15-0158.1, in press







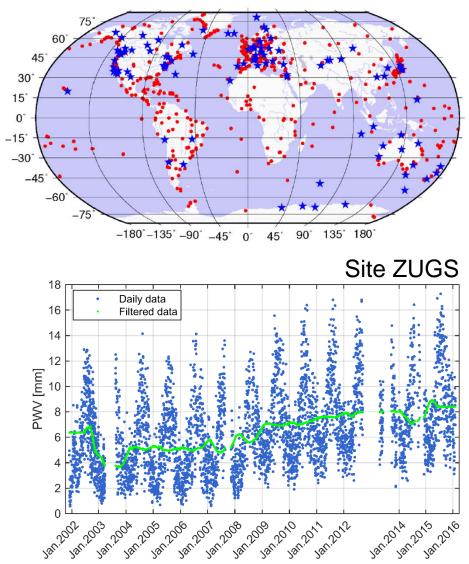
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Analysis of long-term temporal variations in atmospheric water vapor time series

## Data homogenization

- 101 GPS stations
- 47 contain change points
- Mainly due to inconsistencies in PWV time series made by hardware replacement and installation
- ERA-Interim, also showed change poir
- GAPS in the PWV time series
- Lack of meteorological data
- Delay in raw data transfer



Time [Days]



24

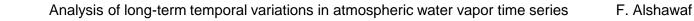
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# <u>Outlook</u>

- Produce sequence of 2D maps of PWV, Temp, ...etc, for the region of Germany over long time periods
- Study their temporal evolution on regional scale
- Compare with model data (WRF, spatial resolution of 2 km × 2 km)
- Involve climate models







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Thank you very much





