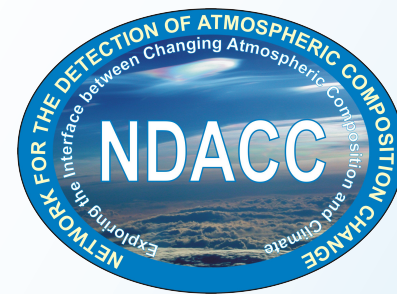




GCOS
GLOBAL CLIMATE OBSERVING SYSTEM



Coordination of efforts with NDACC

Geir O. Braathen

Atmospheric Environment Research Division, WMO's Research Department

&

NDACC Co-Chair



Dobson, Brewer & Ozonesondes are now part of GCOS



Dobson & Brewer Networks constitute:

- ✓ **WMO/GAW GCOS Global Baseline Total Ozone Network**



Ozone sonde Network constitutes:

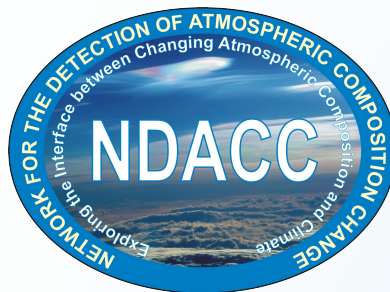
- ✓ **WMO/GAW GCOS Global Baseline Profile Ozone Network**



Endorsed by GCOS AOPC-XIII 23 April 2007



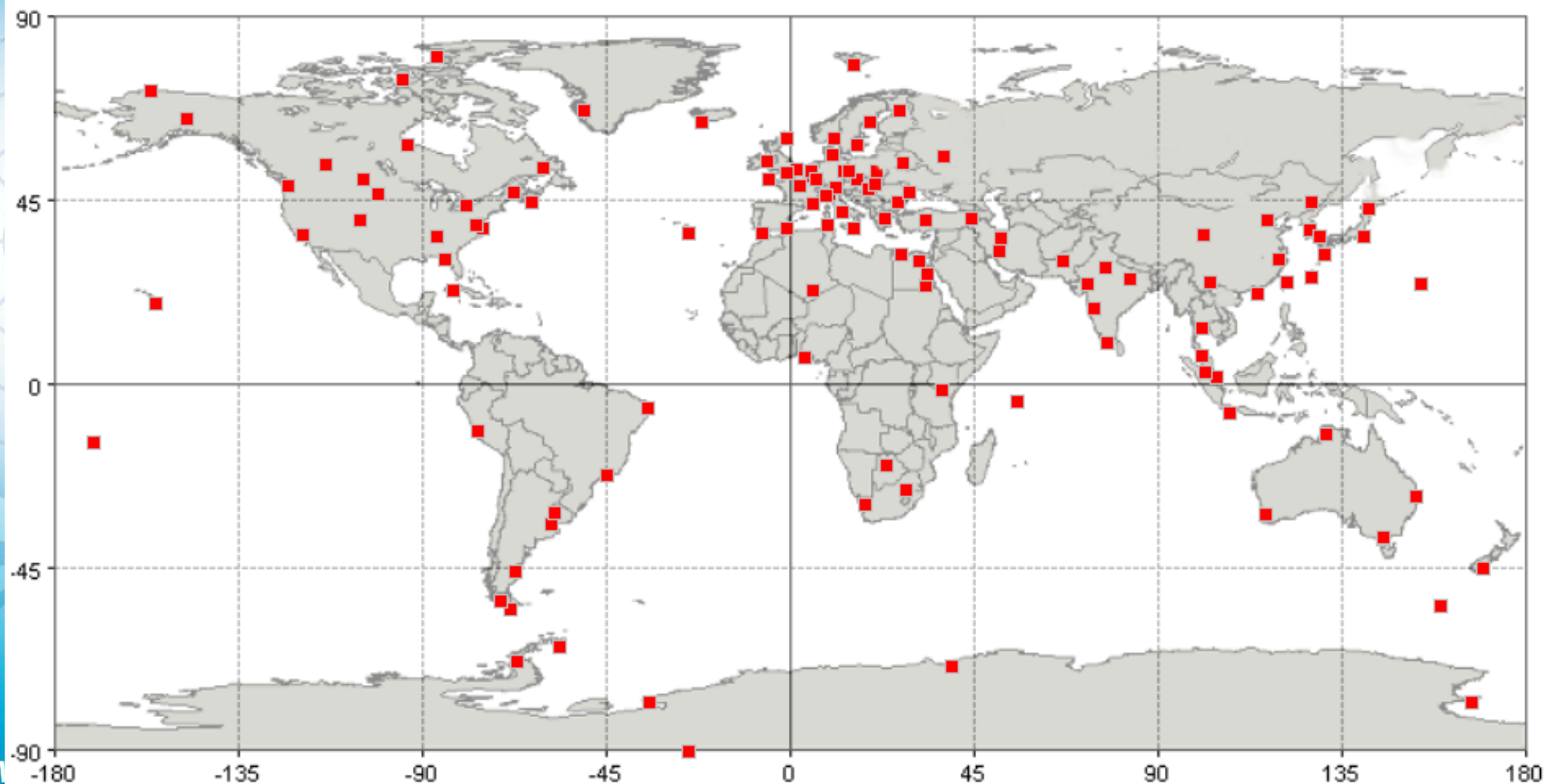
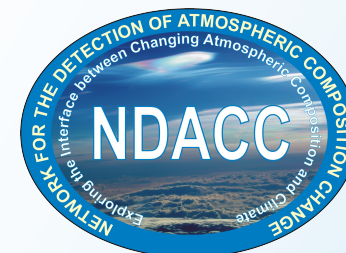
Adopted at the 15th session of the GCOS Steering Committee in Paris 16-19 Oct 2007





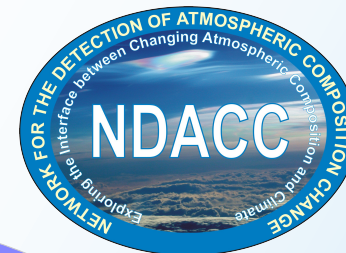
Global Atmosphere Watch Dobson & Brewer stations

132 stations





GAW / SHADOZ / NDACC Ozone sonde stations



63 stations



What is NDACC?

Network for the Detection of Atmospheric Composition Change

Priorities

Studying the temporal and spatial variability of atmospheric composition and structure,

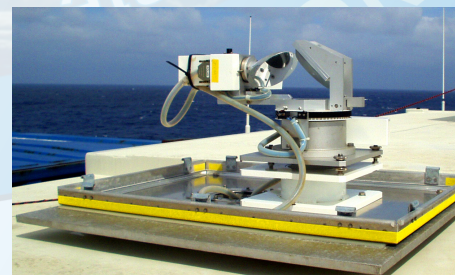
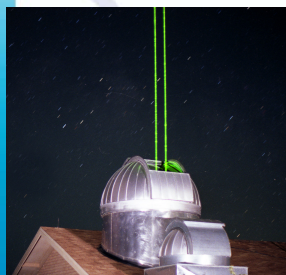
Detecting trends in overall atmospheric composition and understanding their impacts on the stratosphere and troposphere,

Establishing links between climate change and atmospheric composition,

Calibrating and validating space-based measurements of the atmosphere,

Supporting process-focused scientific field campaigns, and

Testing and improving theoretical models of the atmosphere.



GRUAN ICM-3. Queenstown, 28 February - 4 March 2011

NDACC Site Selection

Only one type of stations

- ✓ There used to be primary and secondary stations, depending on the suite of measurements and the commitment
- ✓ The quality criteria were and are the same for all stations/instruments
- ✓ Some Complementary Stations had all instrument types and long term commitments
- ✓ Original designation misleading – no quality difference
- ✓ Original designation compromised long-term funding commitments

Stations in different regions

- ✓ Polar regions (N and S)
- ✓ Mid-latitudes in both hemispheres
- ✓ Tropical and equatorial sites

NDACC Site Selection



A station can consist of several sites

- ✓ **Arctic site:** Eureka, Thule, Søndre Strømfjord, Ny-Ålesund
- ✓ **Alpine site:** Jungfrauoch, OHP, Payerne, Bern, Zimmerwald, Arosa, Garmisch Partenkirchen, Zugspitze, Hohenpeissenberg
- ✓ **Antarctic site:** South Pole, Dumont d'Urville, Arrival Heights, McMurdo and Scott Base.



NDACC: Focus on data quality



Strict criteria for being and staying affiliated



Network governed by a number of protocols

- ✓ **Data protocol: Compromise between data availability & IPR**
- ✓ **Validation protocol**
- ✓ **Instrument intercomparison protocol**



Regular intercomparison campaigns

- ✓ **Mobile systems (Lidar, FT-IR)**
- ✓ **Gathering of many instruments at the same location**

Organisation of NDACC



Working groups

- ✓ **UV-Vis, Spectral UV, Ozone&aerosol sondes, FT-IR, MW, Lidars, Dobson&Brewer**
- ✓ **Working groups for Satellites, Theory & Analysis, H₂O, O₃**
- ✓ **Steering Committee with Working Group representatives + peer and ex-officio members (~40 in all)**

NDACC Organizational Chart

Steering Committee

Co-Chair

Co-Chair

Executive Secretary

Working Group Representatives

Dobson & Brewer

FTIR

LIDAR

Microwave

Sondes

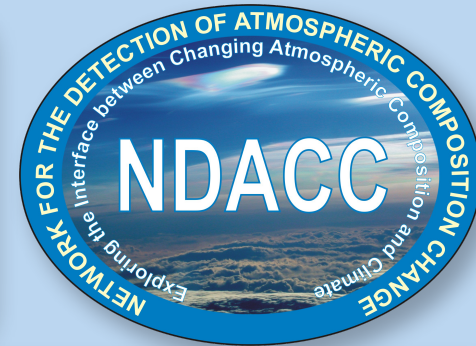
Spectral UV

UV-Visible

Satellites

Theory & Analysis

Ex-Officio & Peer Representatives



Working Groups and Science Teams

Dobson & Brewer

FTIR

LIDAR

Microwave

Sondes

Spectral UV

UV-Visible

Satellite

Theory & Analysis

Water Vapour

Ozone

Measurement Strategies & Emphases

Quality Assurance

Protocols

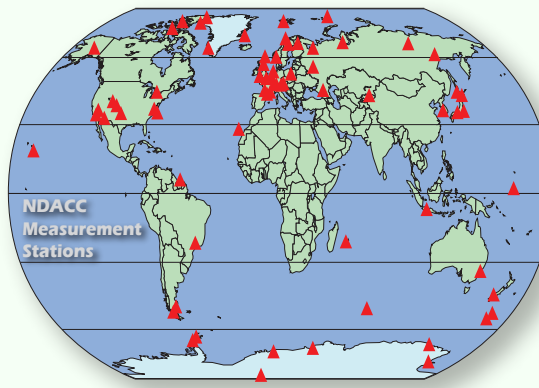
Instrument and Algorithm Intercomparisons

Instrument Validation

Cooperating Networks



Station Network



Goals & Results

Long-term time series for detection of changes and trends

Establish scientific links and feedbacks between climate change and atmospheric composition

Satellite calibration and validation

Support to scientific field campaigns

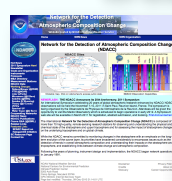
Model validation

Data Archiving and Outreach

Data Host Facility



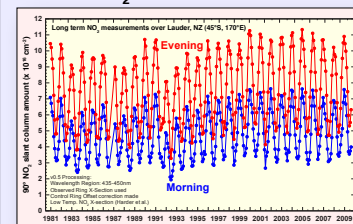
Web Sites



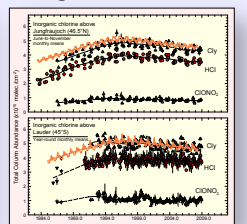
Newsletter Brochure Leaflet



NO₂ Slant Column



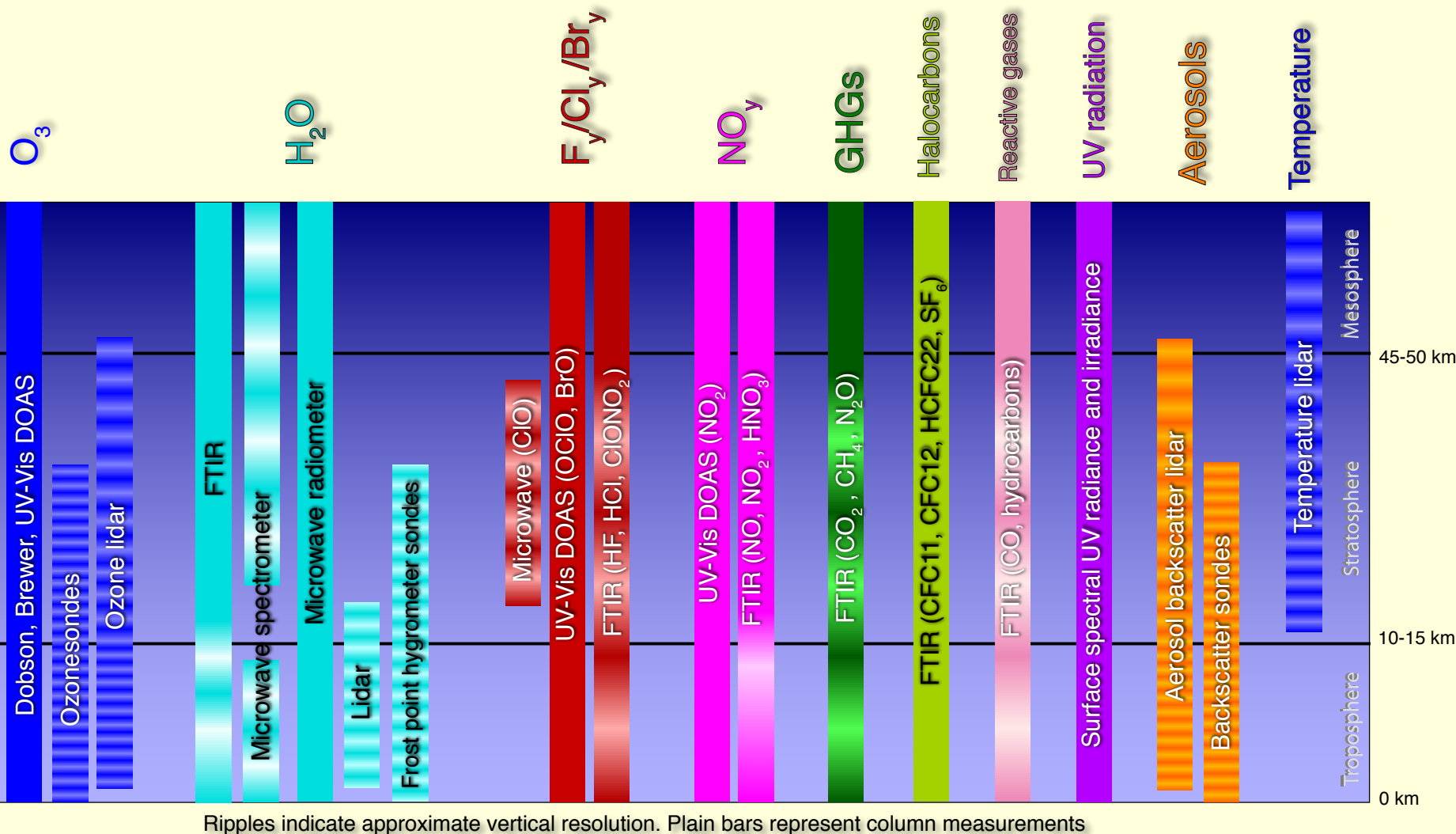
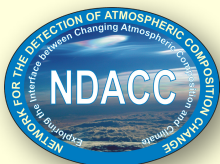
Inorganic Cl Column



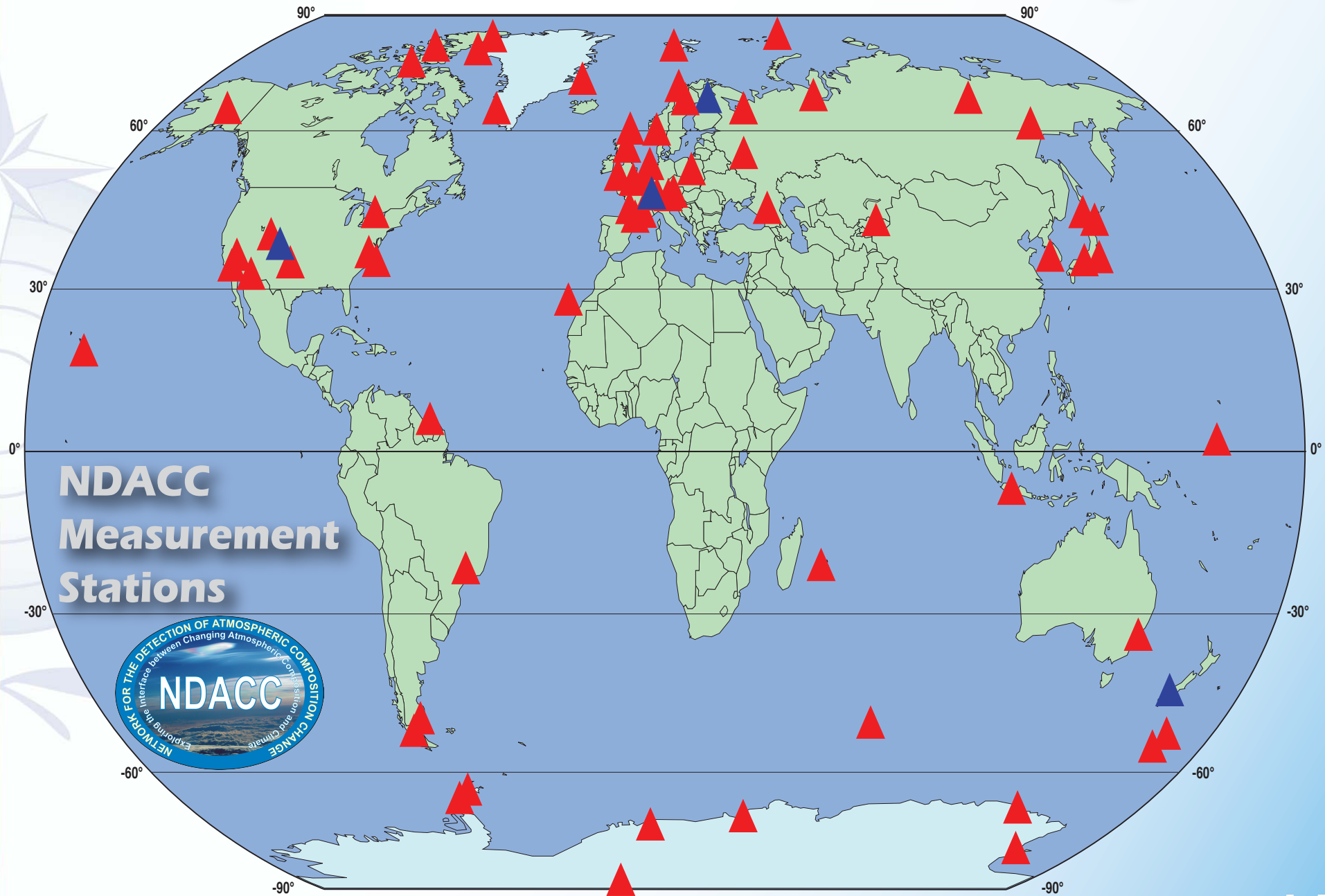
Overview of NDACC species and how they are measured:

The NDACC Observational Capability Chart

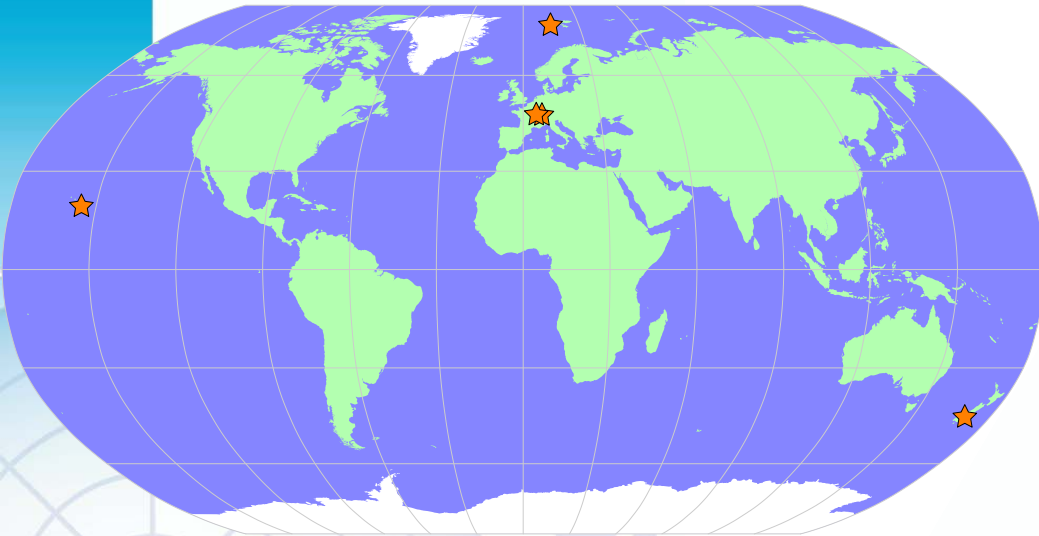
Observational Capabilities of the Network for the Detection of Atmospheric Composition Change



NDACC Station Map



NDACC microwave sites

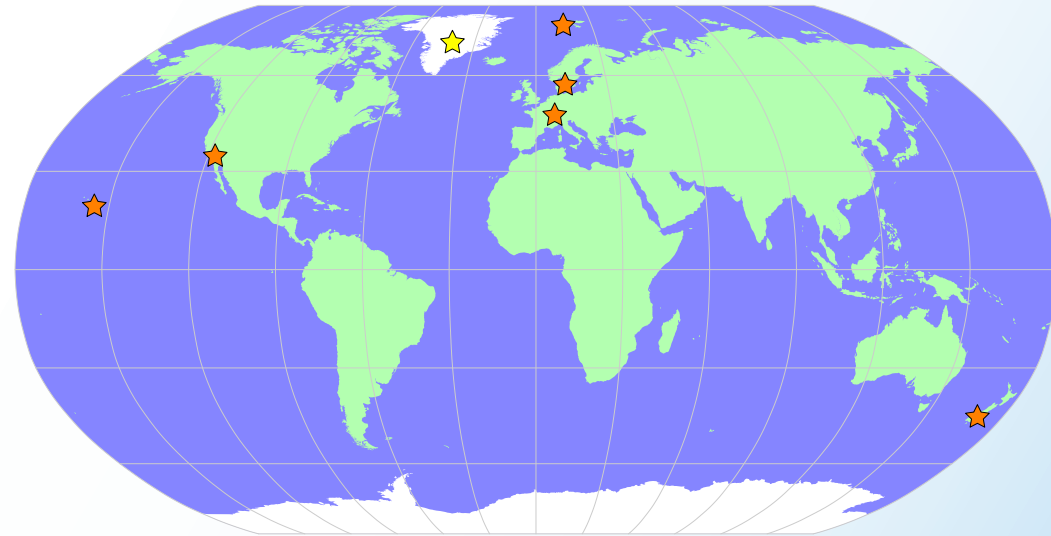


Ozone

Characteristics

Altitude range: 20-70 km

Vertical resolution: 8-12 km

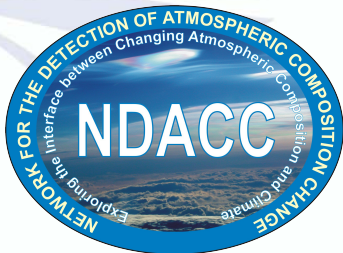


Water vapour

Characteristics

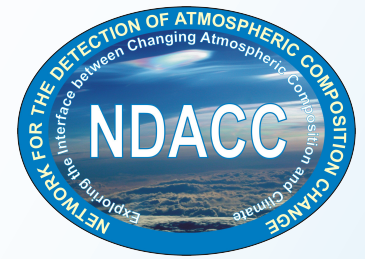
Altitude range: 20-70 km

Vertical resolution: 8-12 km



Zimmerwald, CH

NDACC lidar sites



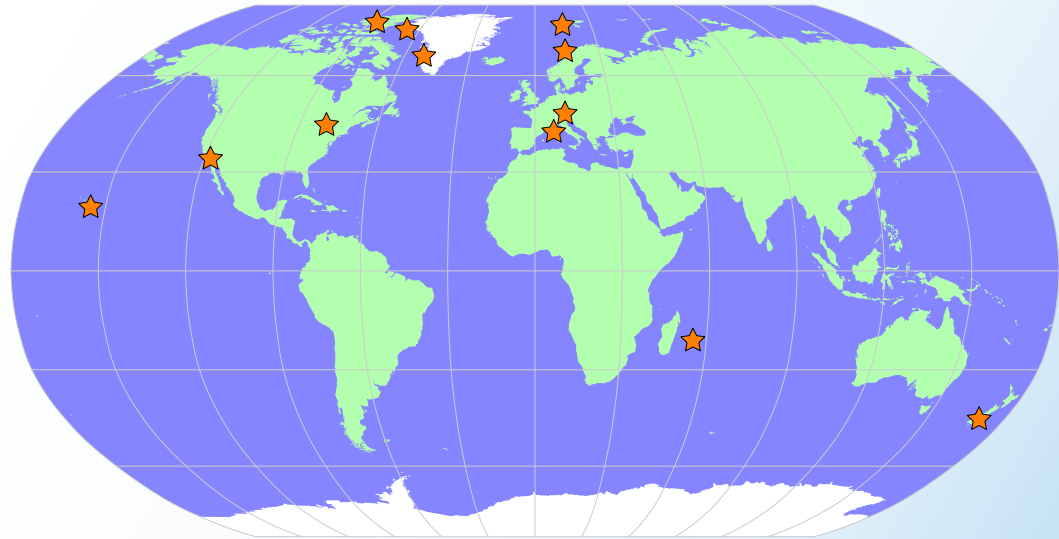
Ozone

Characteristics

Altitude range: 10 - 50 km

Vertical resolution: 0.5 - 5 km

**Network homogeneous within $\pm 2\%$
in the 20-35 km range**



Temperature

Characteristics

Altitude range: 10-80 km

Vertical resolution: 1-6 km

**Network homogeneous within ± 1 K
in the 35 - 60 km range**

NDACC lidar sites



Water vapour (Raman and DIAL)

Characteristics

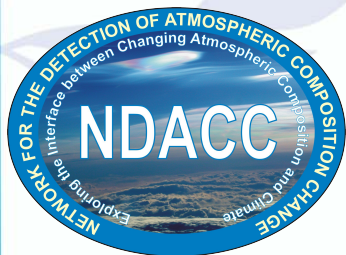
Altitude range: ground to 8-17 km

Vertical resolution: 0.1 km

Detection limit: 15 ppb

Accuracy: Depends on calibration source (5-20%)

Precision: 0.001 to 50%



Essential climate variables (ECVs)

| Variable | Priority | Lidar | FT-IR | μ wave | Dobson Brewer UV-Vis | Sondes |
|----------------------|----------|-------|-------|------------|----------------------------|--------|
| Temperature | 1 | X | | | | x |
| Total water vapour | 1 | | X | | | |
| Profile water vapour | | X | X | X | | x |
| Total Ozone | 2 | | X | | X | |
| Profile ozone | 2 | X | X | X | | x |
| Methane | 2 | | | | | x |

Initial station candidates

ARM Sites, Lindenberg, Camborne, *Payerne*, Cabauw, *Boulder*,
Sodankylä, Heredia, *Lauder*, Beltsville



Recommendations for GRUAN

Don't Reinvent the Wheel

- ✓ Draw on capabilities of established high-quality networks
- ✓ Augment these capabilities as needed to provide key climate variables on a global scale

Instrument-Specific WGs First

- ✓ Include Engagement of Satellite Community
- ✓ Validation enables patching of long-term datasets
- ✓ GRUAN is the Reference Network for GUAN
- ✓ Emphasis on measurement accuracy & precision
- ✓ Build-up phase is better supported by an instrument-specific organization
- ✓ Mirror NDACC instrument WG functions

Parameter-Specific WGs Second

- ✓ Once Instruments Are Fully Characterized

GRUAN NDACC Collaboration



NDACC Is Eager to Cooperate & Collaborate



Infrastructure & Instruments at NDACC Sites Can Aid in Campaign Implementation



Instrument intercomparison & characterization



Guide ongoing development of measurement requirements



For example, Raman Lidar for water vapor profiles



See Thierry Leblanc's presentation earlier this week

GRUAN/NDACC Collaboration



Commonality of Interests

- ✓ Water Vapor Profiles – growing NDACC heritage
- ✓ Campaigns for measurement characterization
- ✓ Analyses to guide measurement requirements
- ✓ Ozone Profiles – strong NDACC heritage



How can GRUAN benefit from NDACC?

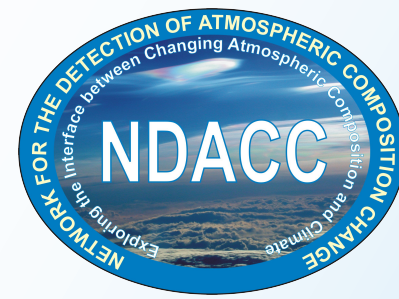
- ✓ Infrastructure & instruments at NDACC sites can aid in intercomparison campaigns – e.g., Raman Lidar for water vapor profiles



How can NDACC benefit from GRUAN?

- ✓ GRUAN Measurements May Be More Frequent at Some Locations
- ✓ Useful in Resolving Measurement / Model Differences

2009: Inception of NDACC Cooperating Network Affiliation



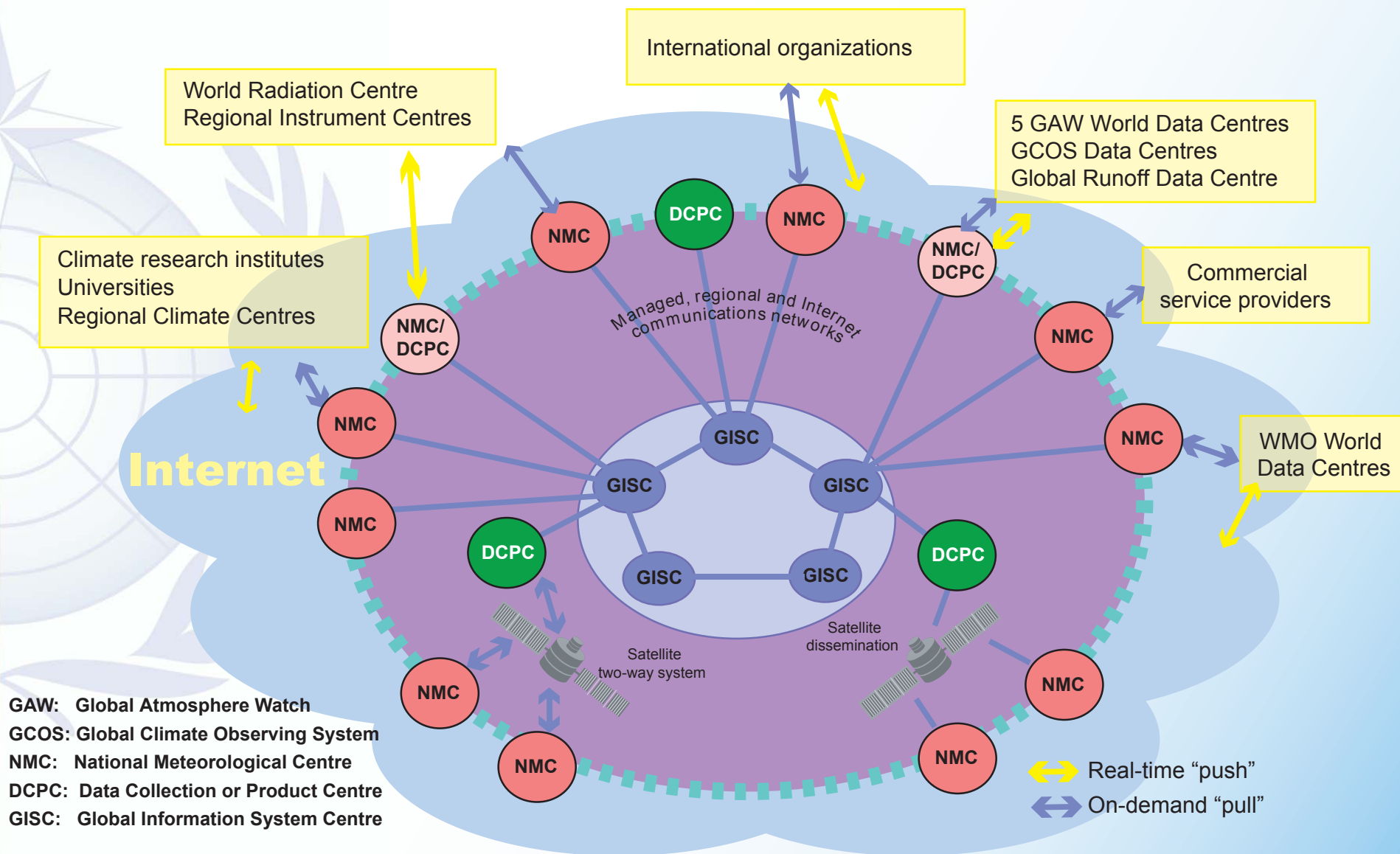
Recognition of measurement capabilities developed externally to NDACC

- ✓ **Regional, Hemispheric, or Global Networks Operating Independent of NDACC**
- ✓ **Existing quality assurance guidelines**
- ✓ **Existing operational requirements**
- ✓ **Existing data archiving policies**
- ✓ **Existing national or international recognition**
- ✓ **Mutual Benefit of Strong Measurement and Scientific Cooperation**

Agreements finalized with five networks

- ✓ **AGAGE, AERONET, MPLNET, NOAA-HATS and SHADOZ**

WMO Information System (WIS)



Acknowledgements



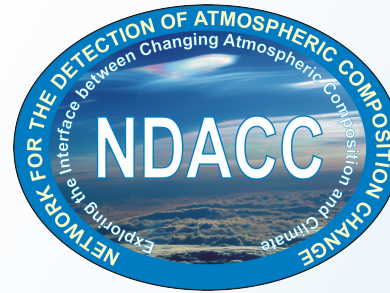
Mike Kurylo



NDACC Lidar Working Group



NDACC Microwave Working Group



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