

# RS41 Uncertainties of positioning, pressure and wind - General revision for GDP BETA 2



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# Processing Scheme of RS41-GDP

Deutscher Wetterdienst  
Wetter und Klima aus einer Hand



General & ground check	Pressure & altitude	Ventilation & wind	Temperature	Humidity
Make time axis steady	Calculate position (XYZ → LLA)	Pendulum analyse	Position of sun	Time-lag correction
Combine & grid data sources	Pressure calibration	Calculate ventilation	Estimate radiation (RTM simulations)	Smoothing (time-lag related)
Quality control of all input vars.	Recalculate alt. MSL, GPH	Calculate wind speed & direction	Radiation correction	Recalculation (internal T to air T)
Detect launch points	Calculate pressure using alt. (GNSS)	Smoothing (pendulum effects)	Smoothing (pendulum effects)	Estimate uncertainties
Detect & analyse SHC / shelter	Estimate uncertainties	Estimate uncertainties	Estimate uncertainties	Calculate further humidity variables
	Quality control of pressure & alt.	Quality control of wind	Quality control of temperature	Quality control of humidity



All uncertainties in  
this presentation  
are for **k=1!**

## Uncorrelated uncertainty:

- Random
- Affects the relationship between neighboring points
- Applicable to relative measurements

## Correlated uncertainty:

- Systematic
- Affects all points in a profile
- Applicable to absolute measurements

## Full uncertainty:

- Pythagorean sum of correlated and uncorrelated

$$a \oplus b = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

## RS41 GPS positioning

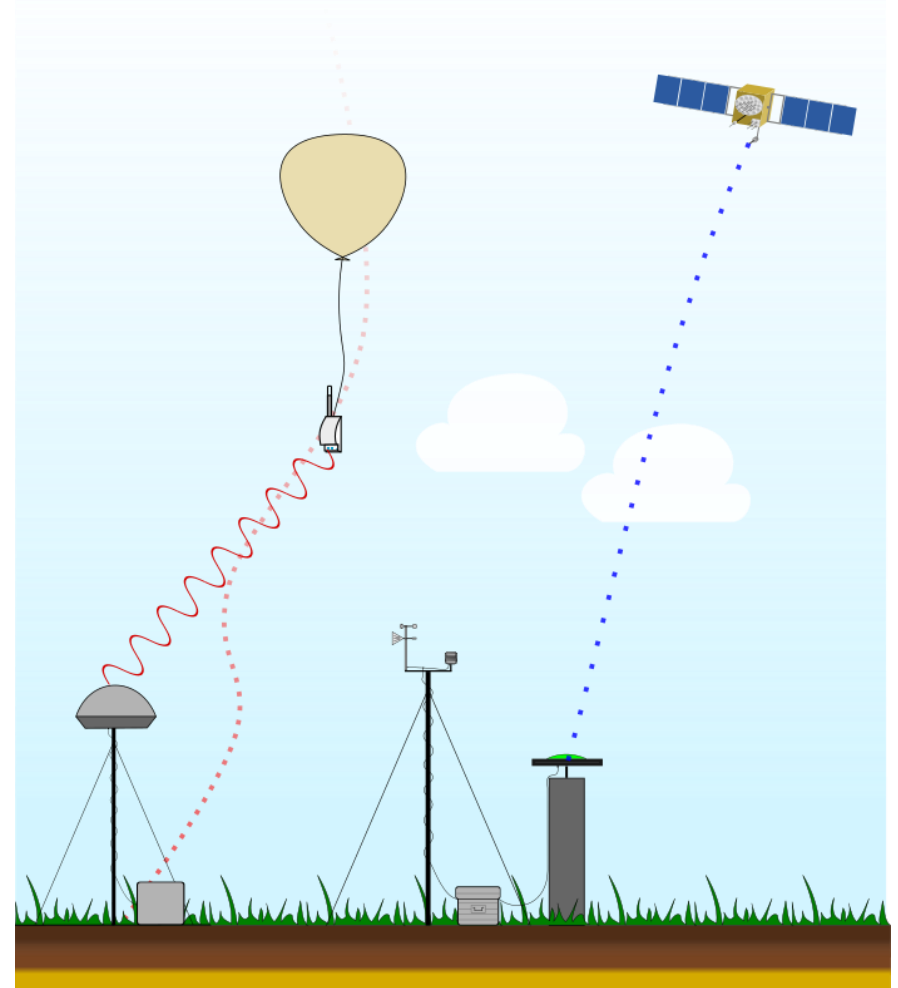
Altitude uncertainty

Pressure uncertainties

Lon/Lat uncertainties

Wind speed uncertainties

Conclusions and outlook



## RS41 radiosonde GPS module:

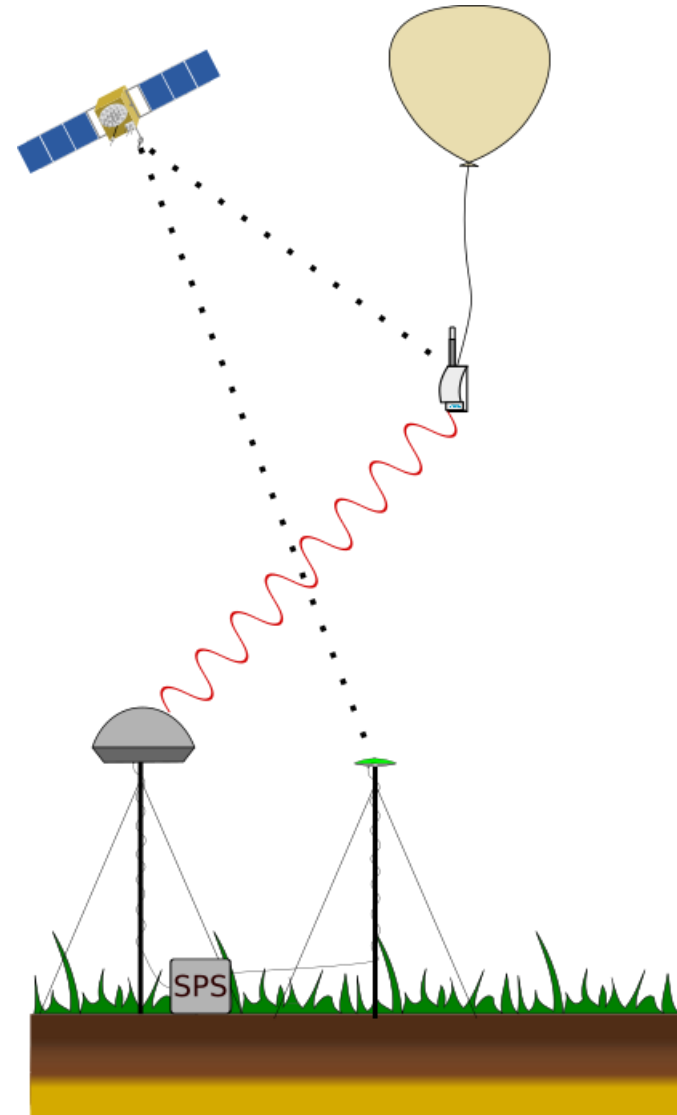
- ublox 6 chip
- Single frequency, GPS-only receiver
- update rate 1Hz
- passive patch antenna

## Ground station equipment

- ublox 6 chip
- active antenna

## Radiosonde positioning modes:

- Independent
- Differential



RS41 GPS positioning

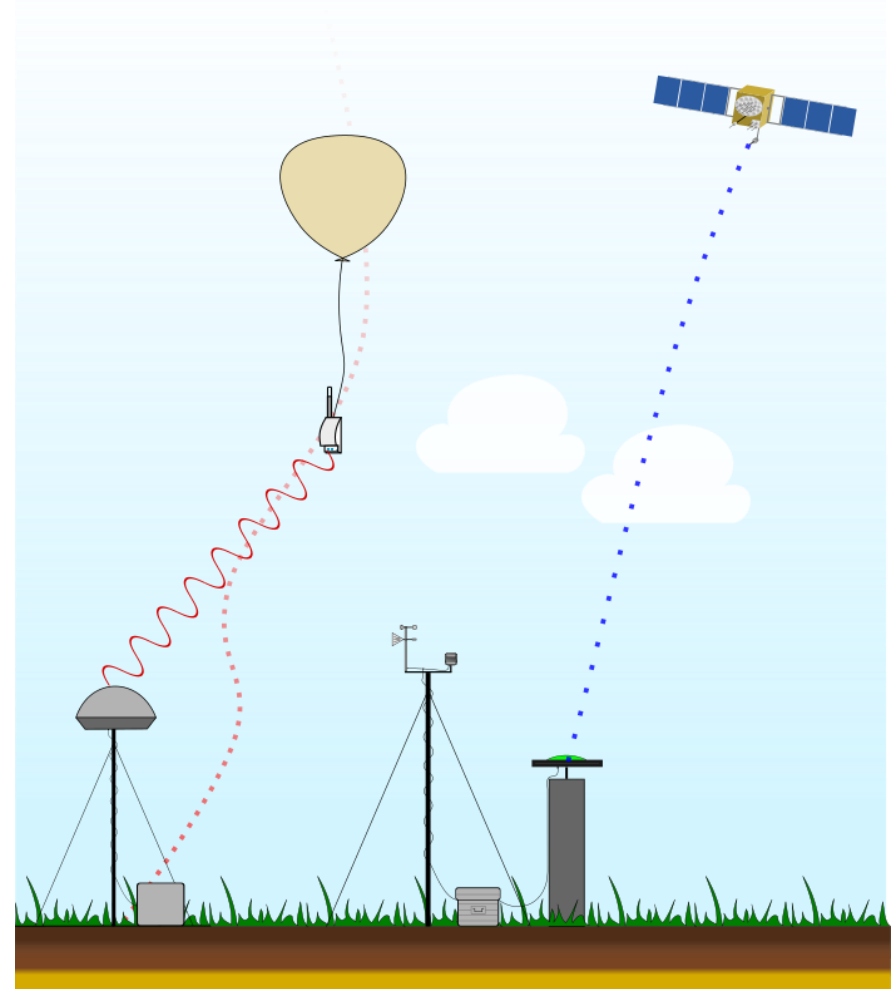
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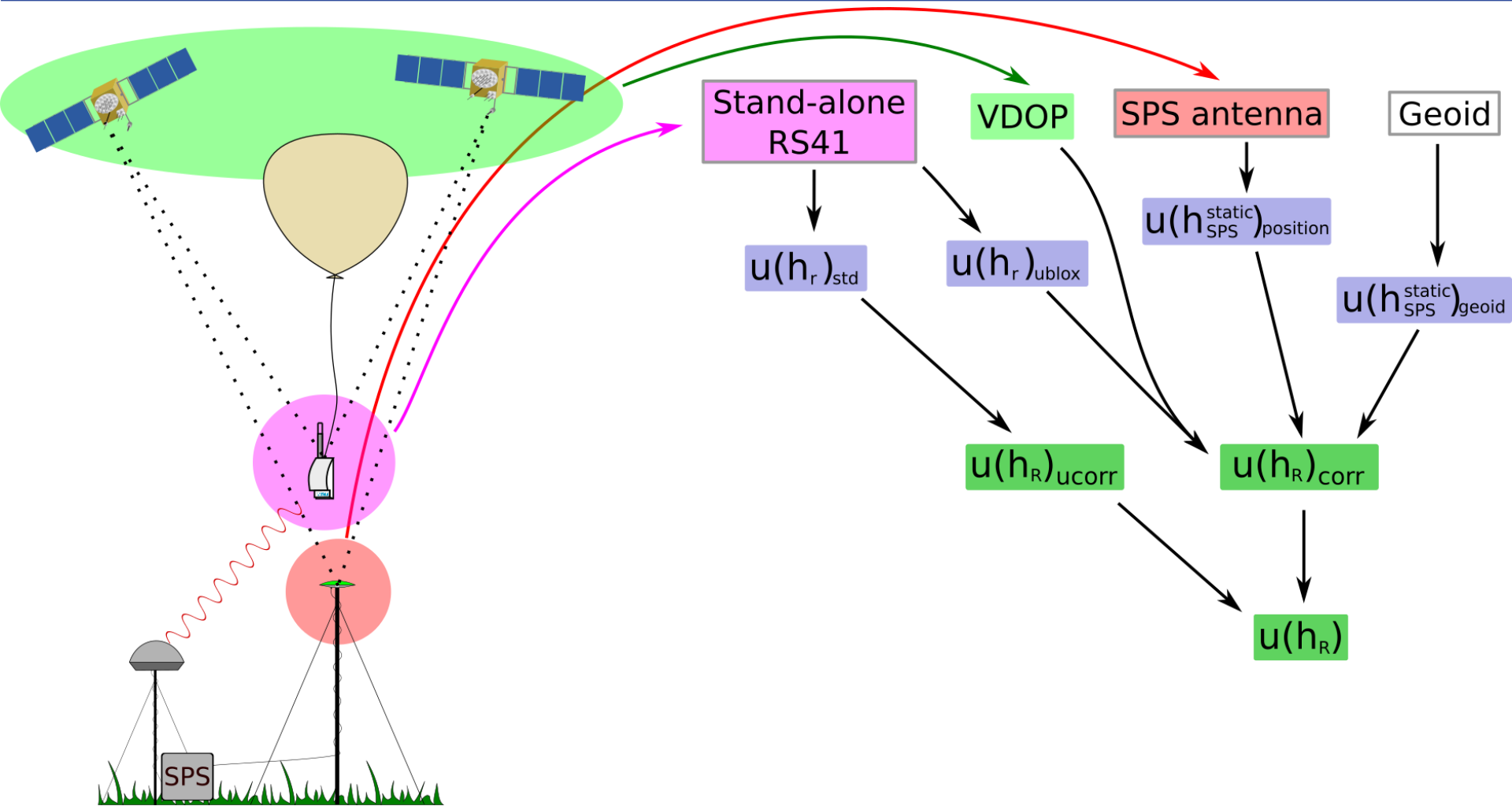
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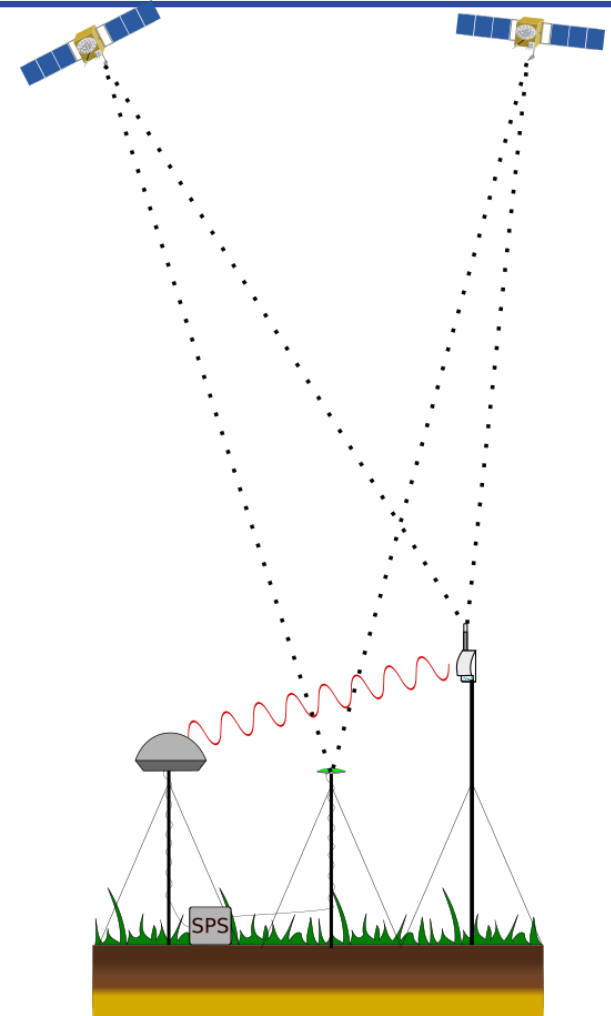
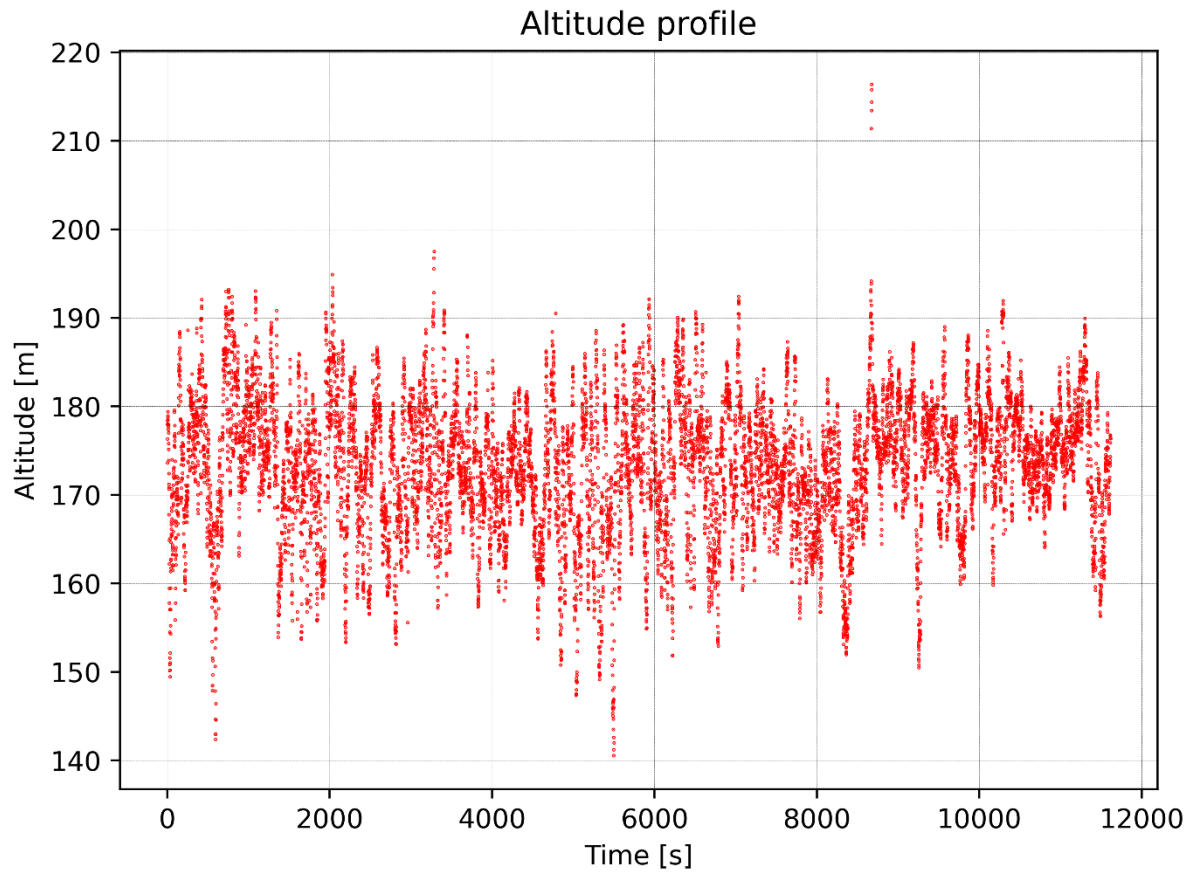


# RS41 Altitude uncertainty



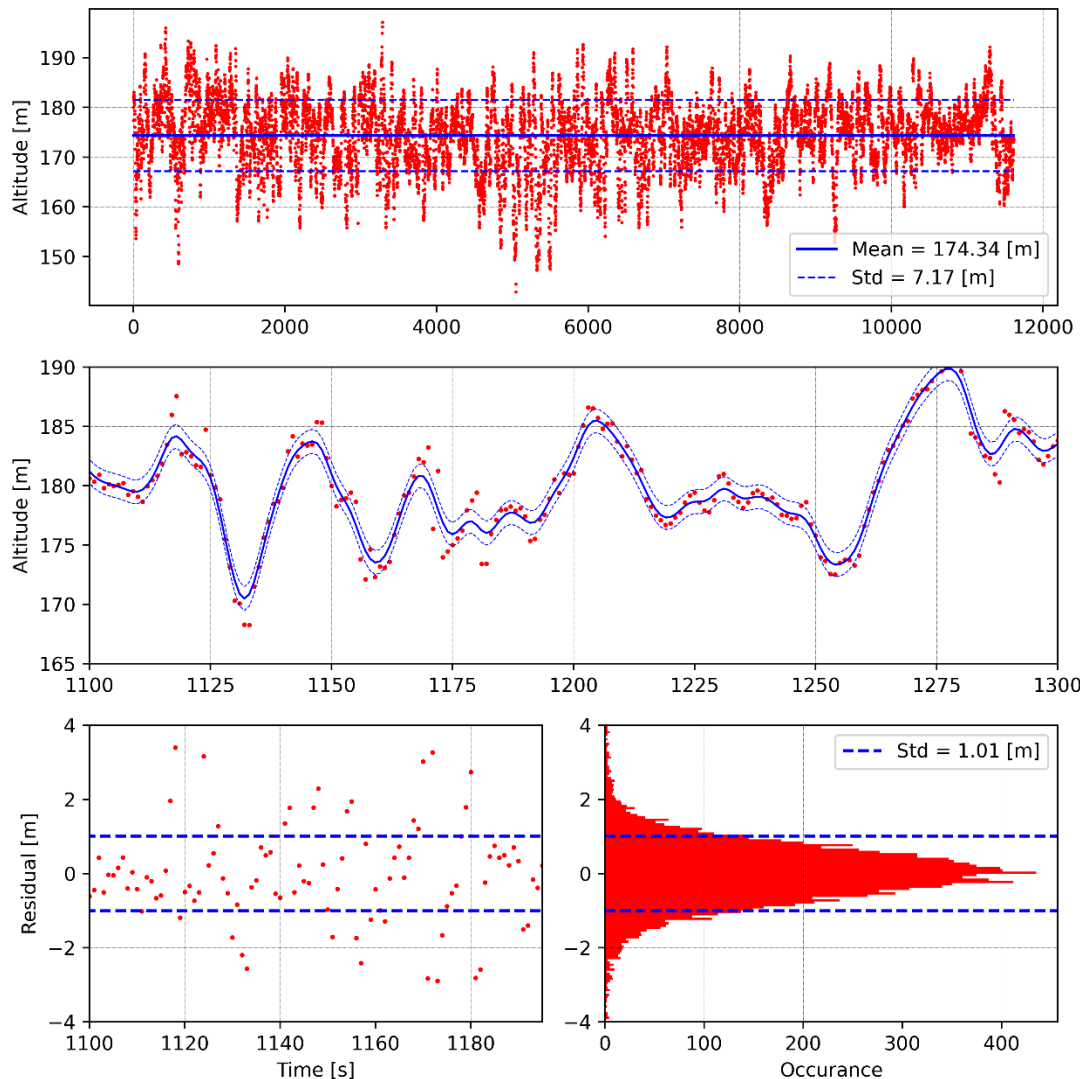


# Altitude uncertainty experiment



Stationary RS41 radiosonde:

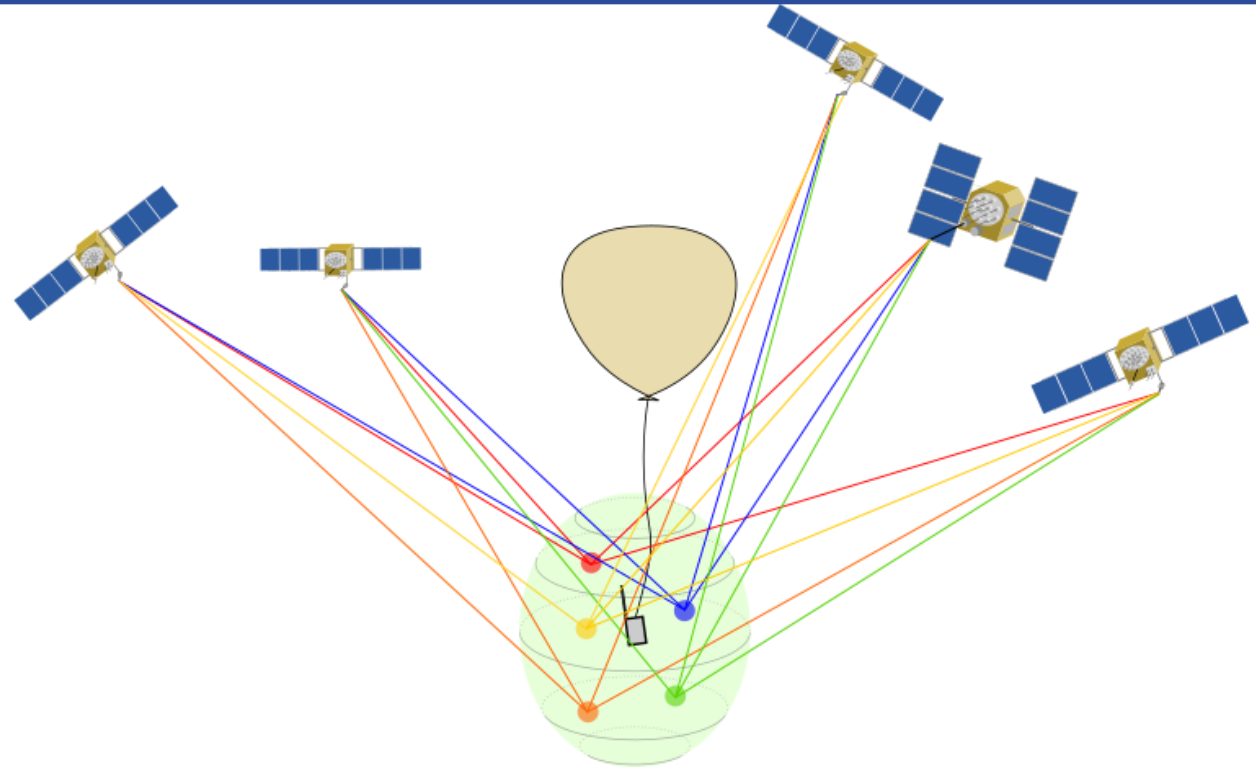
- All coordinates: attitude, latitude and longitude are normally distributed
- All coordinates show systematic behavior
- Systematic behavior is modelled using Gaussian smoothing
- Standard deviation of the residuals is used as uncertainty of the measurement
- Uncertainty of Stand-alone RS41 Altitude = 1m



# Why systematic behaviour?

## GPS parameters:

- 4-12 satellites used for a fix
- Satellite orbital period 12 hours
- Satellite signal is bent by the ionosphere and the neutral atmosphere



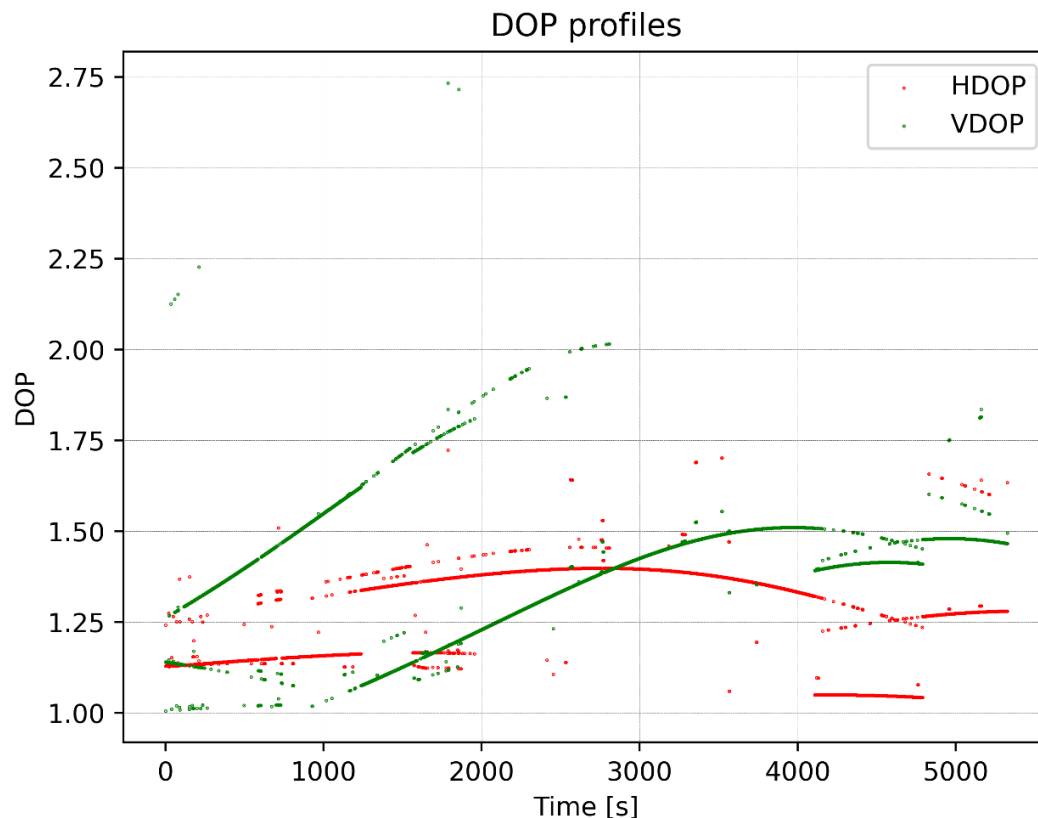
Stand-alone RS41 radiosonde:

- Accuracy of ublox receiver  
= **5m for altitude**
- Vertical Dilution of Precision

$$u(h_r)_{\text{corr}} = \text{VDOP} \cdot u(h_r)_{\text{ublox}}$$

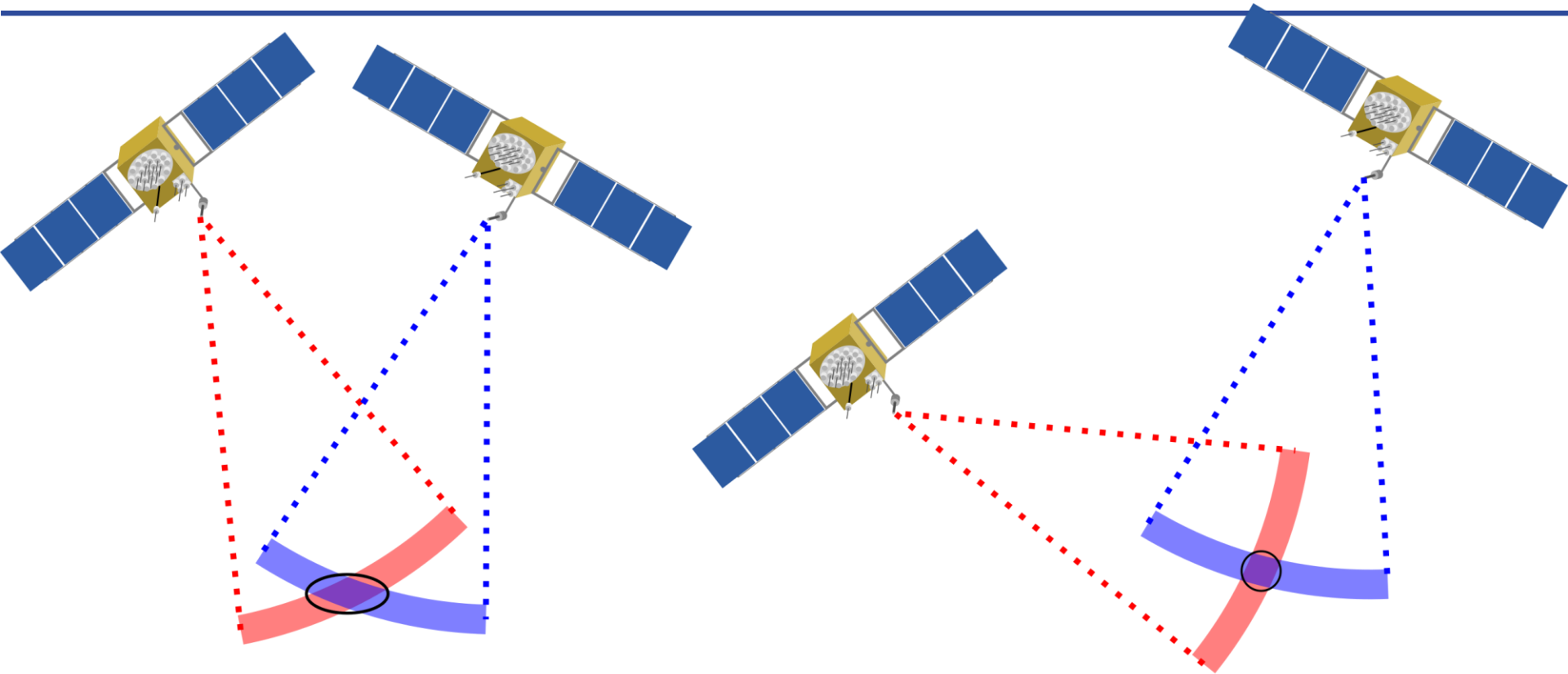
Uncertainties of the ground station:

- Ground-based GPS station uncertainty position  
= **0.2m for altitude**
- EGM2008 Geoid uncertainty  
= **0.5m for altitude**



# Delusion of Precision (DOP) in GPS

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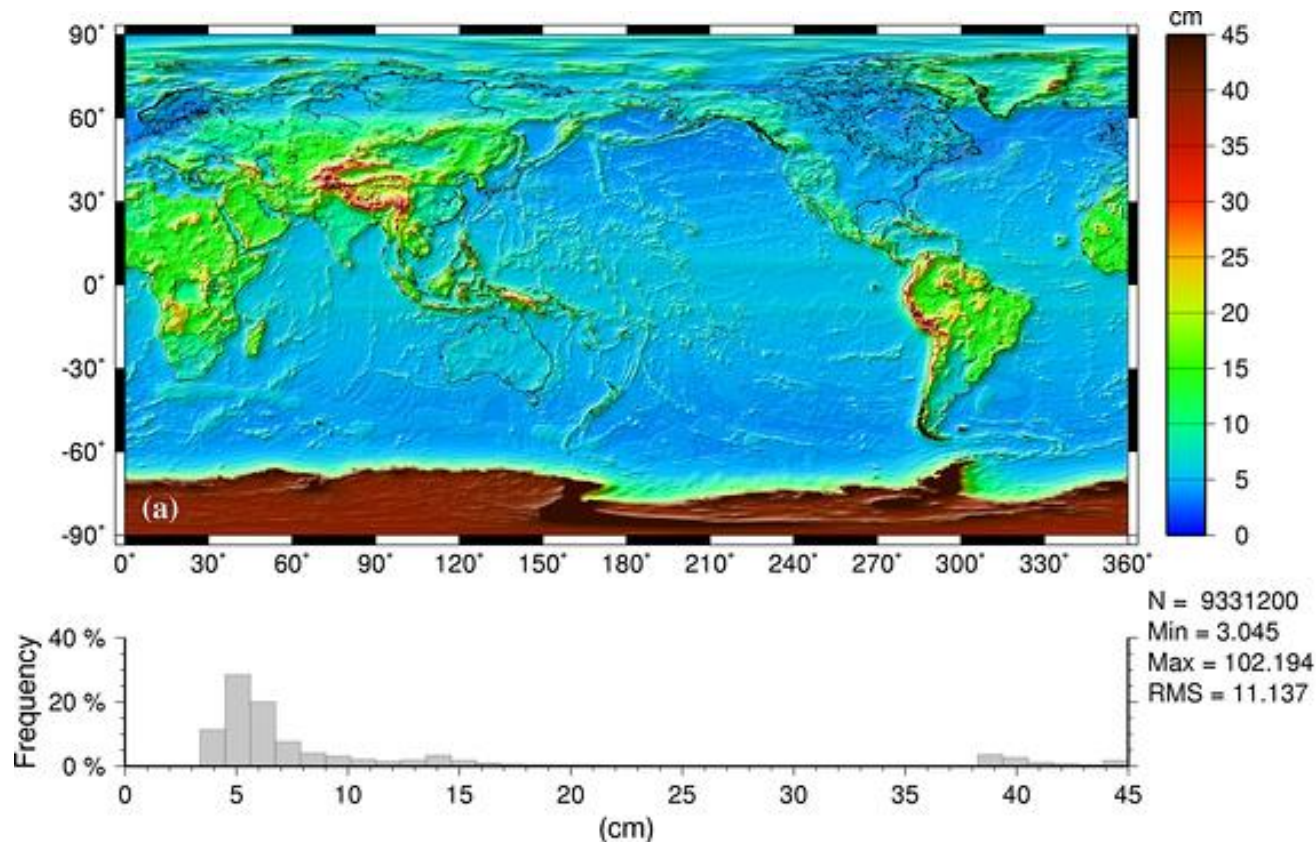


High DOP

Low DOP



**GDP** uses **EGM2008** Geoid, **Vaisala** uses **EGM96** Geoid



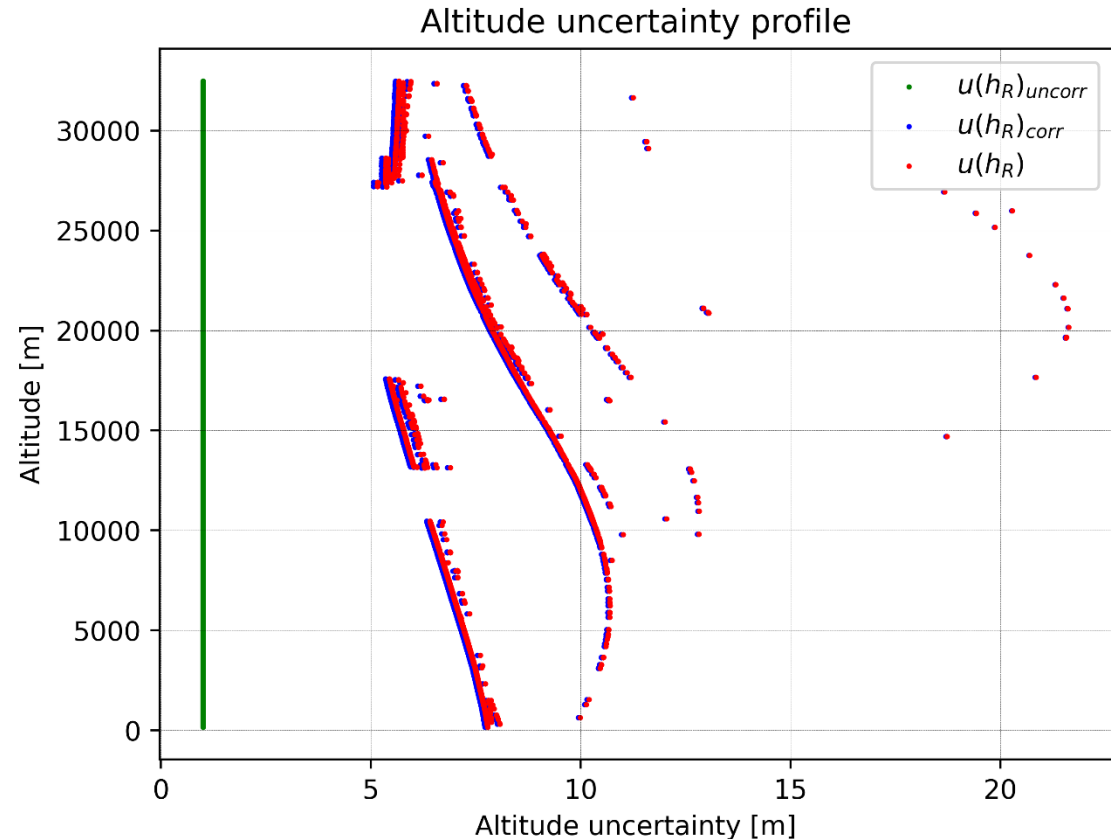
Commission error of the EGM2008 Geoid.

Pavlis, Nikolaos K., et al. "The development and evaluation of the Earth Gravitational Model 2008 (EGM2008)." *Journal of geophysical research: solid earth* 117.B4 (2012).



Full Altitude uncertainty dependent on:

- Stand-alone RS
- VDOP of GPS
- Ground station position
- Geoid



$$u(h_R) = \sqrt{u^2(h_r) + u^2(h_{SPS}^{static})_{geoid} + u^2(h_{SPS}^{static})_{position}}$$

RS41 GPS positioning

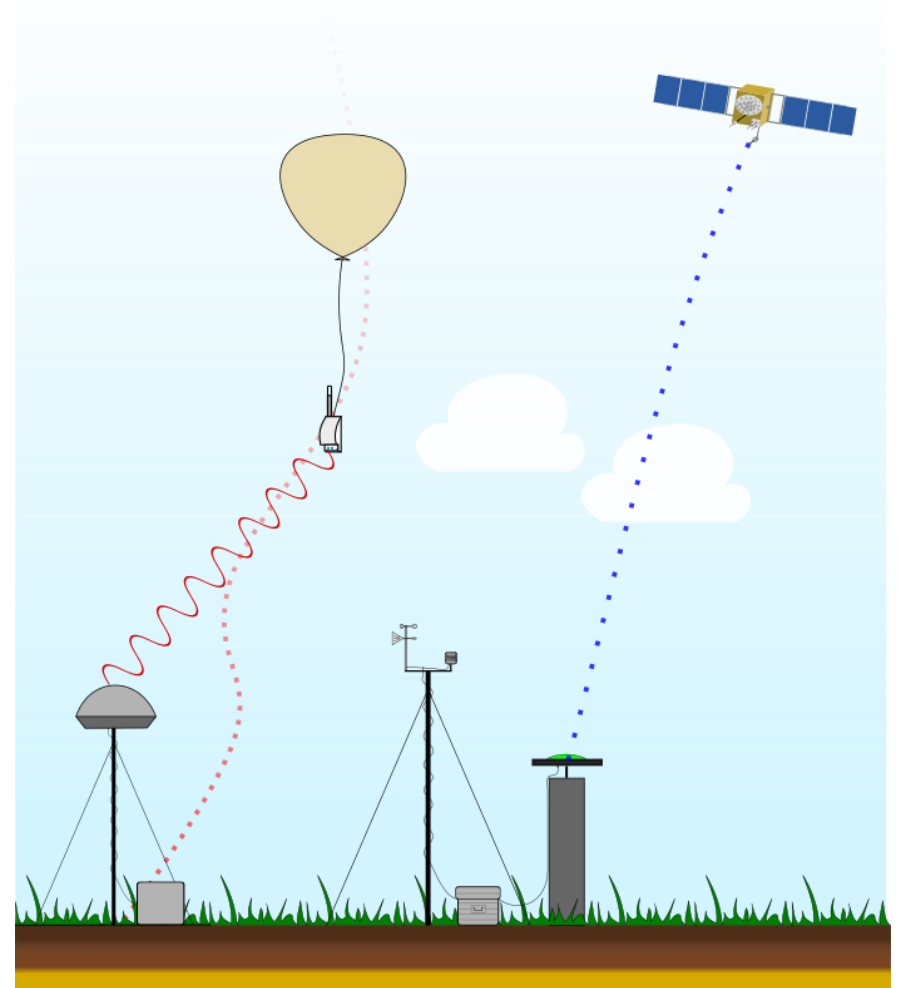
Altitude uncertainty

Pressure uncertainties

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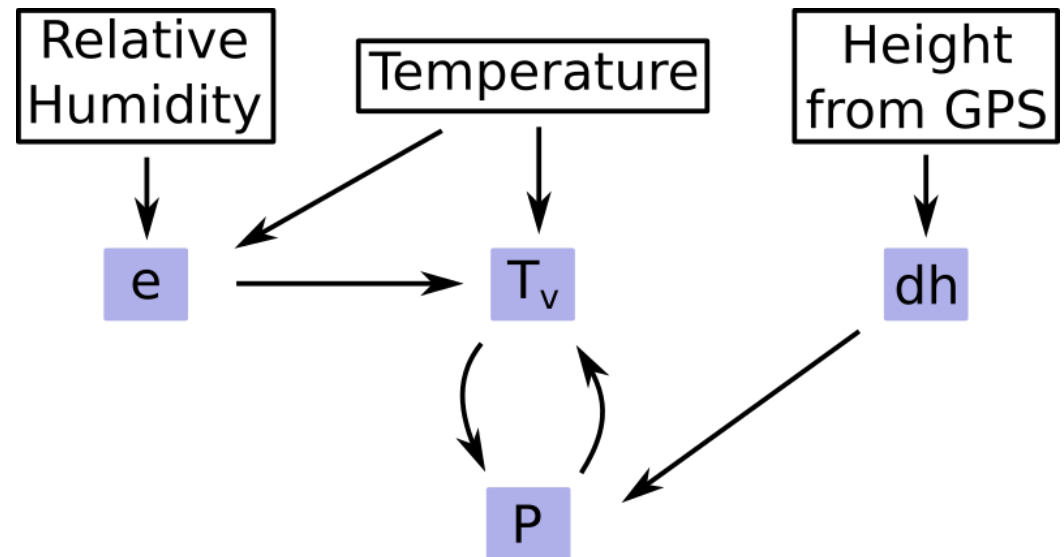
Wind speed uncertainties

Conclusions and outlook





- P – Pressure
- e – partial pressure of water vapour
- $T_v$  – virtual temperature



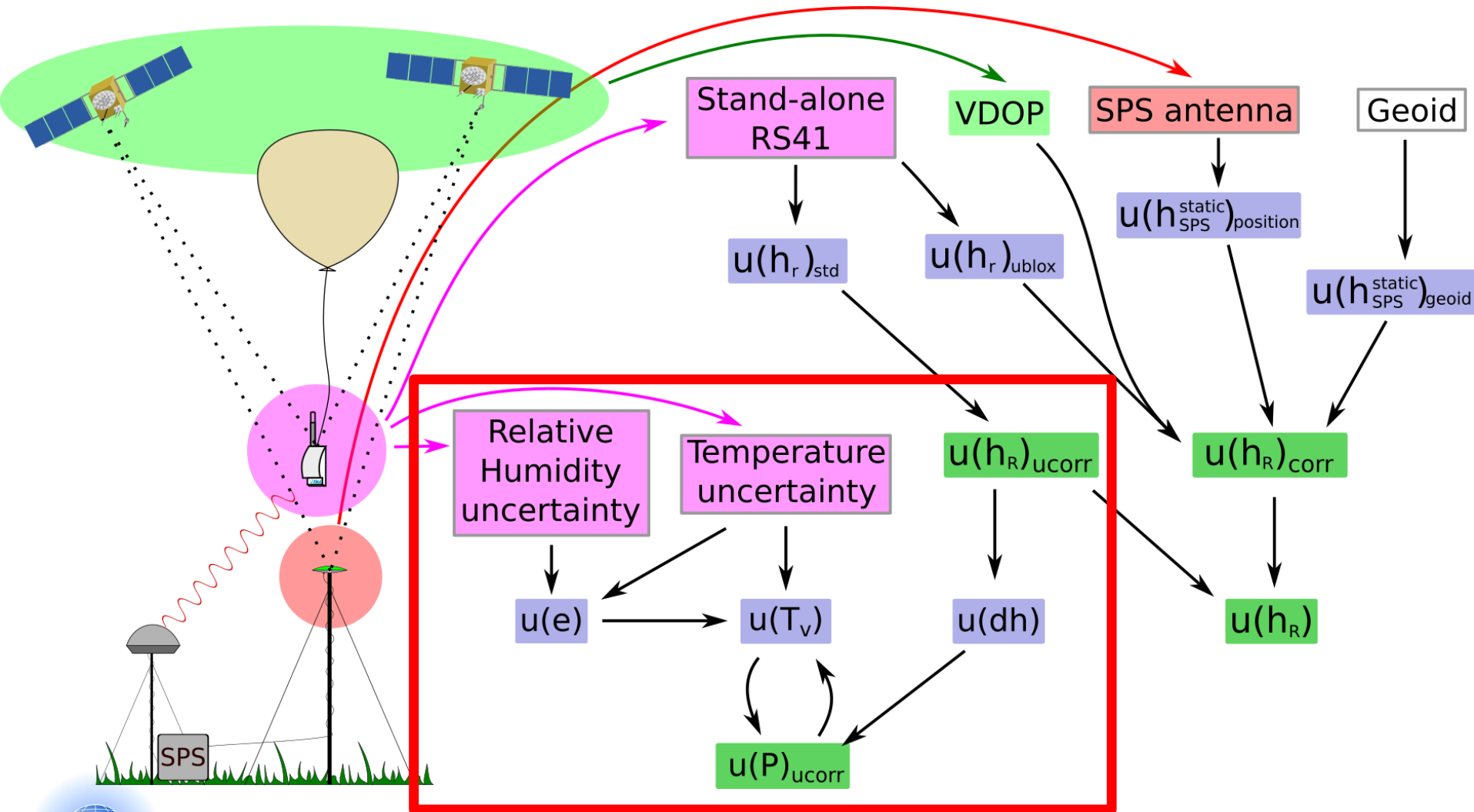
$$dh_i = h_{i+1} - h_i$$

$$T_v = \frac{T_m}{1 - \frac{e}{p}(1 - \epsilon)}$$

$$e = 0.01 \cdot U_m \exp \left( \frac{c_1}{T_m} + c_2 + c_3 T_m + c_4 T_m^2 + c_5 T_m^3 + c_6 \log(T_m) \right)$$

$$p_{i+1} = p_i \exp \left( \frac{-M \cdot g \cdot dh_i}{R_u \cdot T_v} \right)$$

# RS41 Pressure from altitude uncertainty



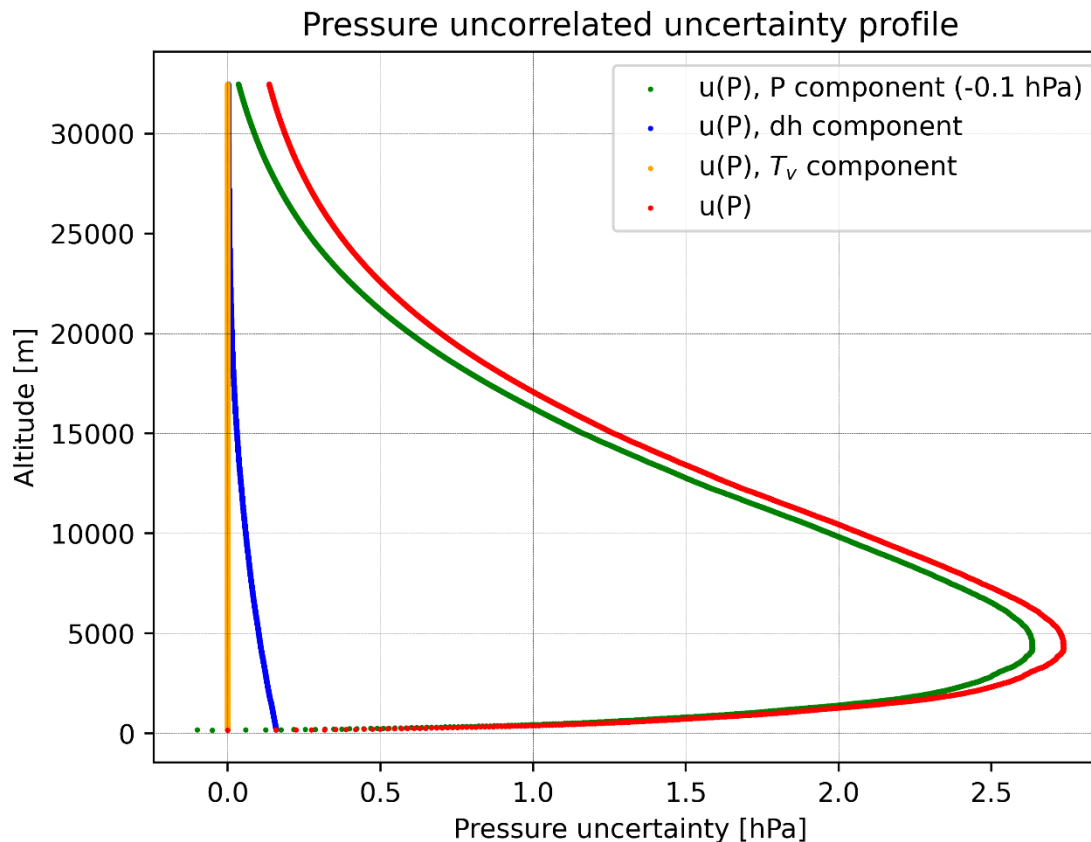
# RS41 Pressure from altitude uncorrelated uncertainty

Uncorrelated pressure  
uncertainty from GPS

Altitude:

- Barometric formula
- Virtual temperature uncertainty
- Altitude uncorrelated uncertainty
- Partial pressure uncertainty

Uncorrelated pressure  
uncertainty for  
difference between  
neighboring points



$$u(p_i)_{\text{uncorr}} = p_i \cdot \sqrt{\left(\frac{u(p_{i-1})_{\text{uncorr}}}{p_{i-1}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{g \cdot dh_i}{R_d T_v^i}\right)^2 \left( \left(\frac{u(dh_i)}{dh_i}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{u(T_v^i)}{T_v^i}\right)^2 \right)}$$

# RS41 Pressure from altitude correlated uncertainty

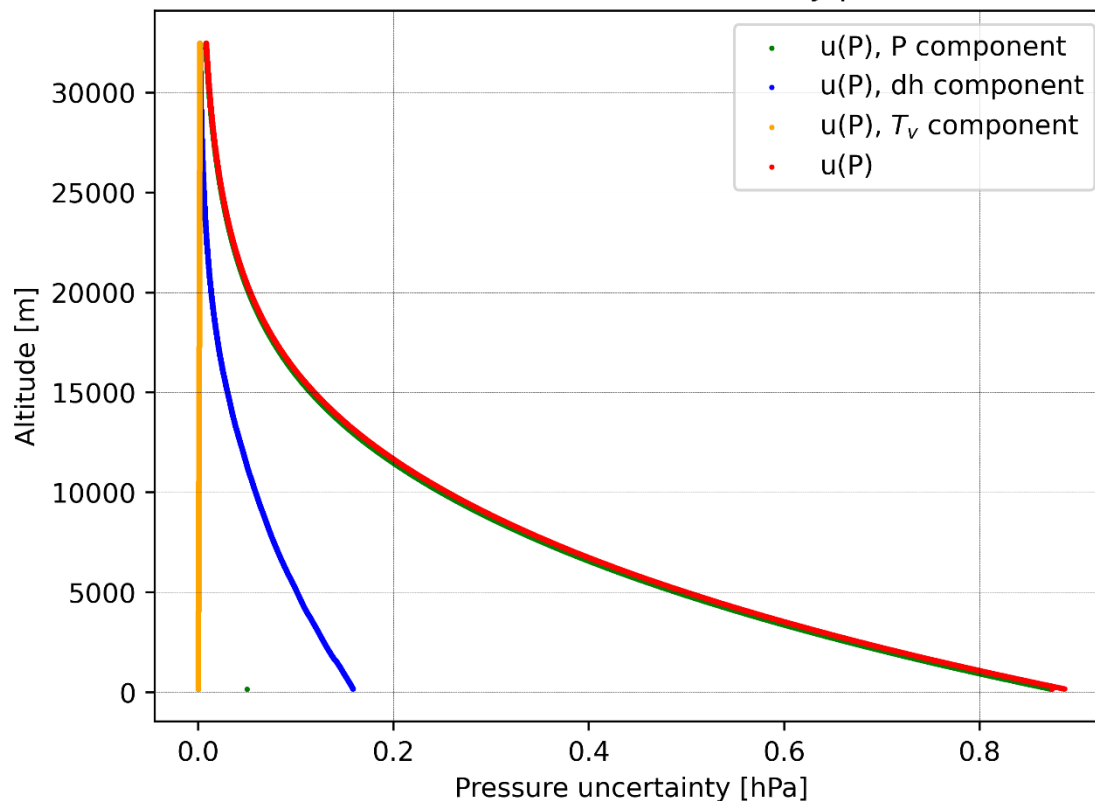
Correlated pressure uncertainty from GPS

Altitude:

- Barometric formula
- Virtual temperature uncertainty
- Altitude uncorrelated uncertainty
- Partial pressure uncertainty

Correlated pressure uncertainty for difference between each point and launch point

Pressure correlated uncertainty profile



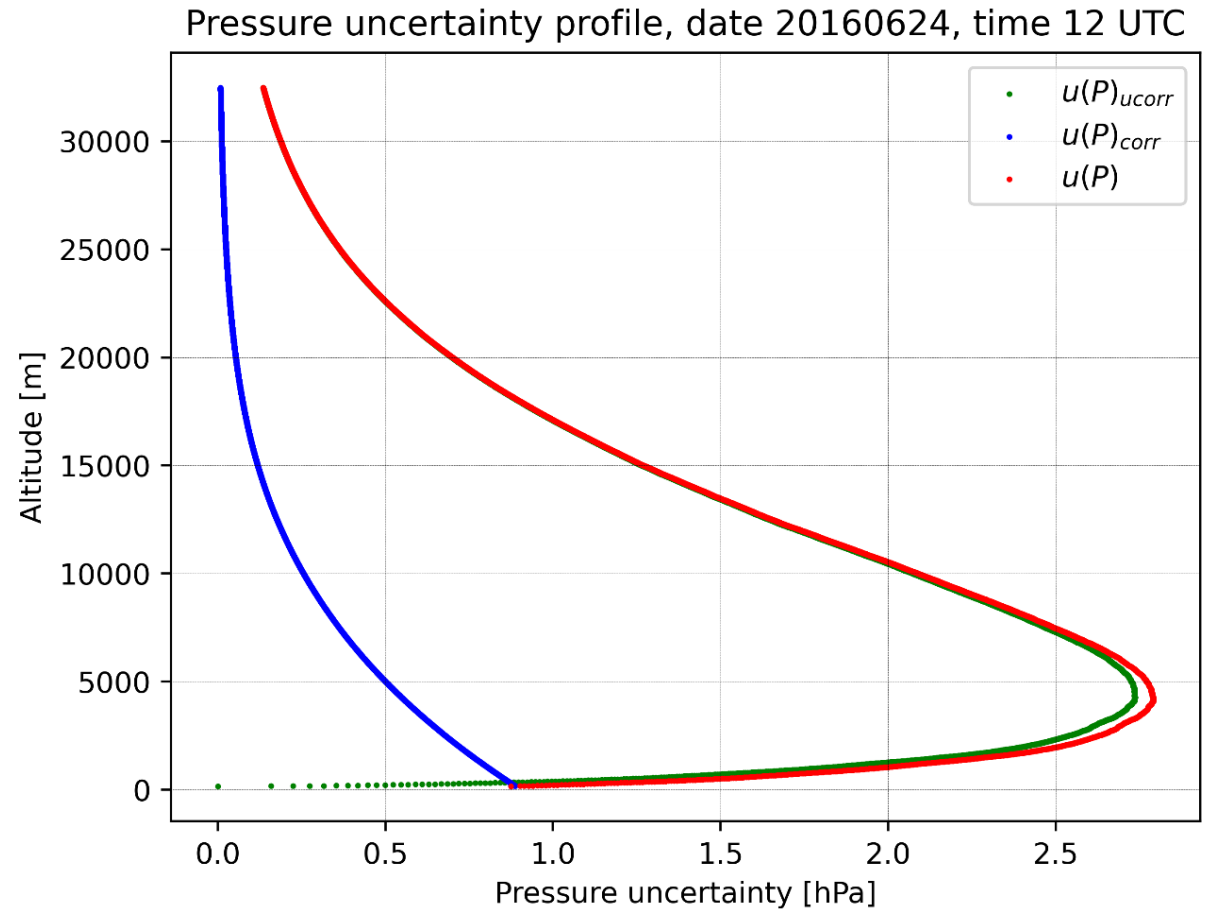
$$u(p_i)_{\text{corr}} = p_i \cdot \sqrt{\left(\frac{u(p_{sb})_{\text{corr}}}{p_{sb}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{g \cdot dh_{sb}^i}{R_d T_v^i}\right)^2 \left( \left(\frac{u(dh_{sb}^i)}{dh_{sb}^i}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{u(T_v^i)}{T_v^i}\right)^2 \right)}$$

# RS41 Pressure from altitude full uncertainty



Full pressure  
uncertainty from  
GPS Altitude:

- Correlated  
pressure uncertainty
- Uncorrelated  
pressure uncertainty



$$u(p) = \sqrt{u(p)_{corr}^2 + u(p)_{ucorr}^2}$$



RS41 GPS positioning

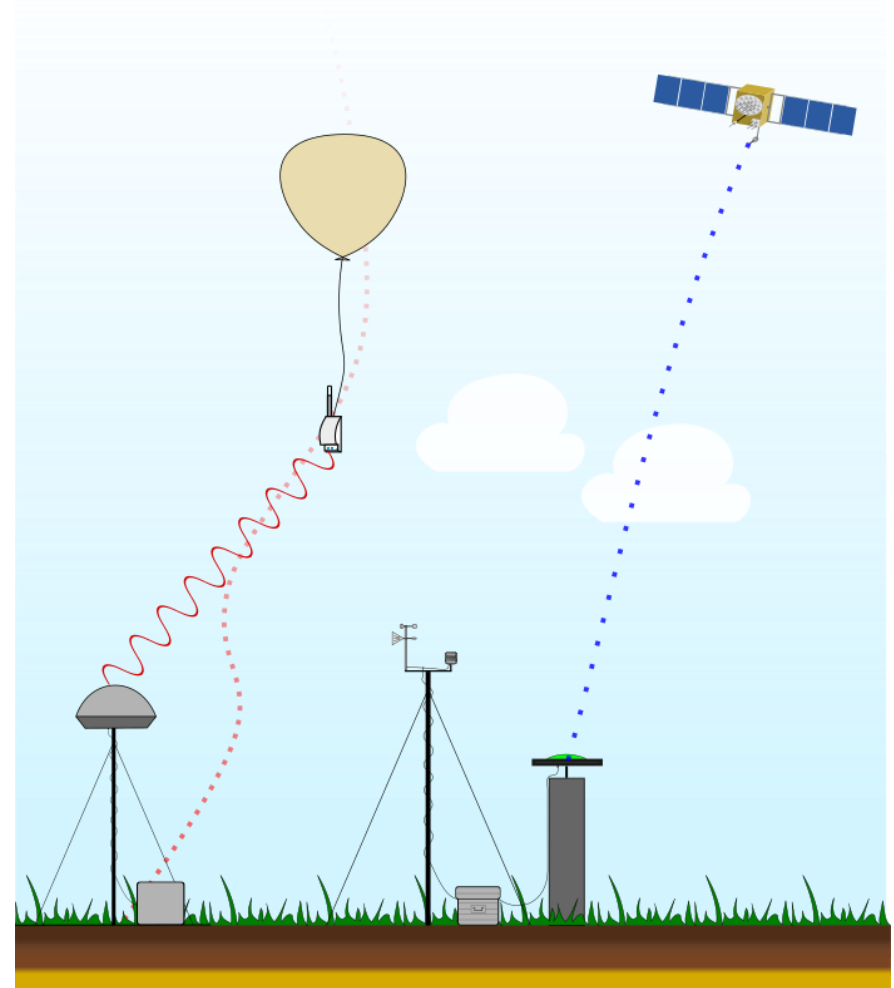
Altitude uncertainty

Pressure uncertainties

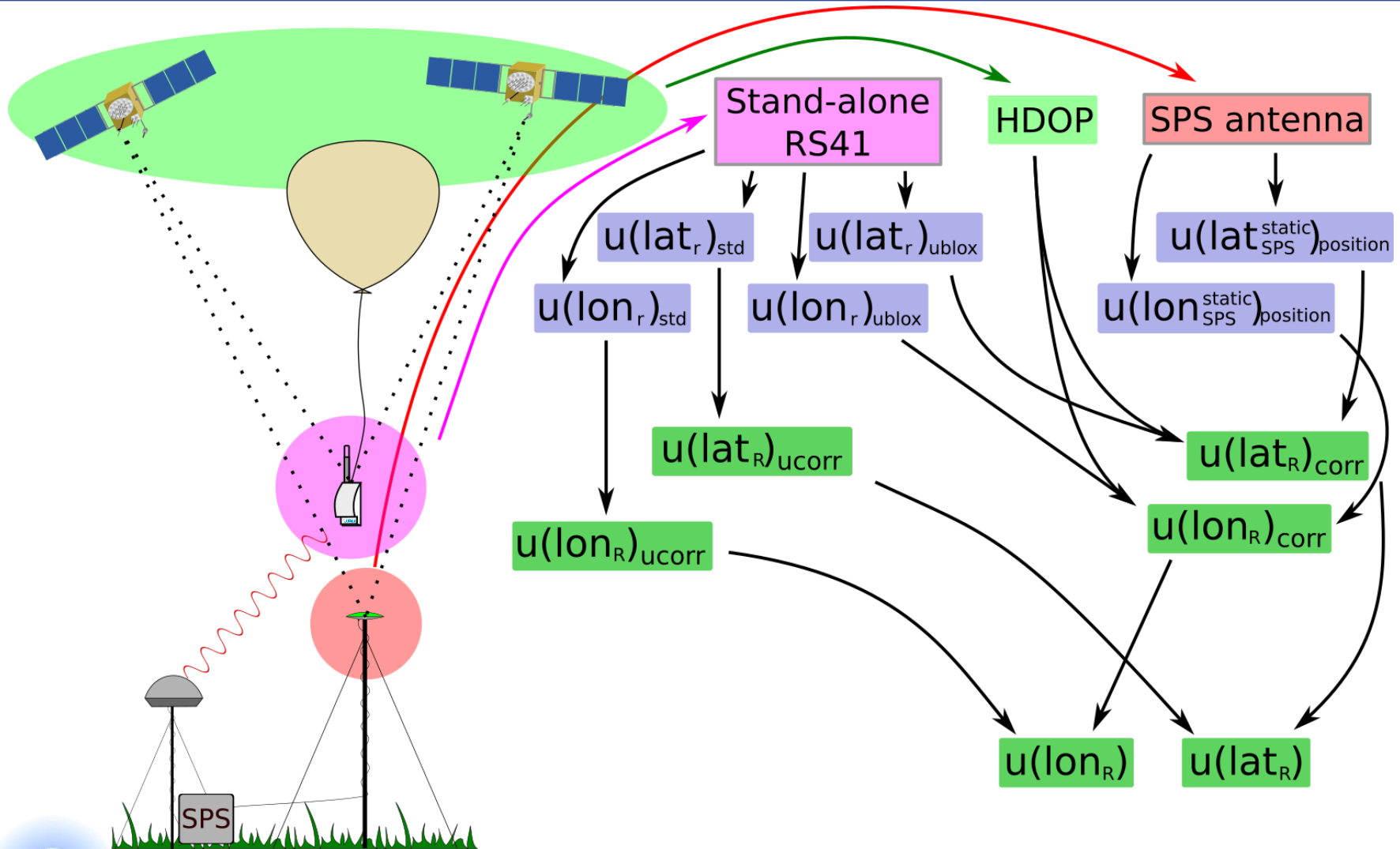
Lon/Lat uncertainties

Wind speed uncertainties

Conclusions and outlook



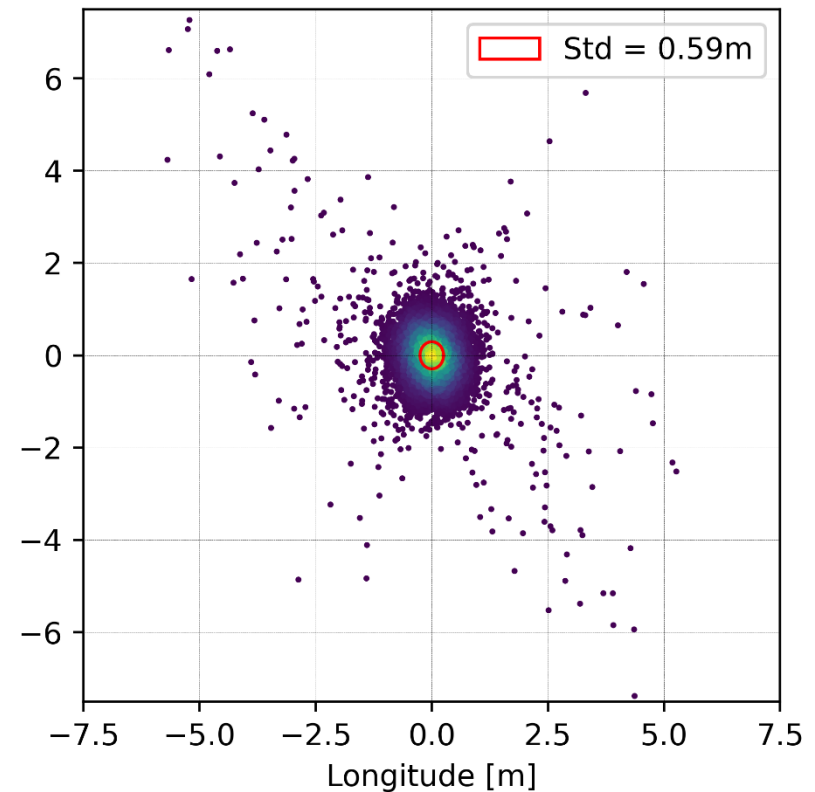
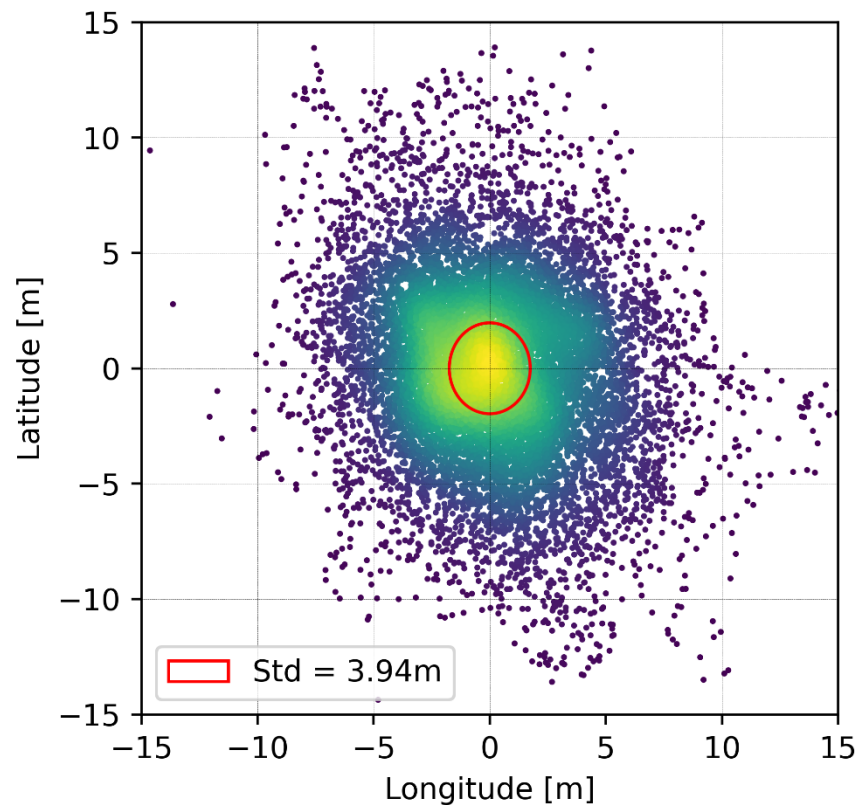
# RS41 Horizontal coordinate uncertainties



# Uncertainty of horizontal position

Uncorrelated horizontal coordinates uncertainty from GPS:

$$u(lon_r)_{ucorr} = u(lon_r)_{std} = 0.6[m],$$
$$u(lat_r)_{ucorr} = u(lat_r)_{std} = 0.6[m].$$





RS41 GPS positioning

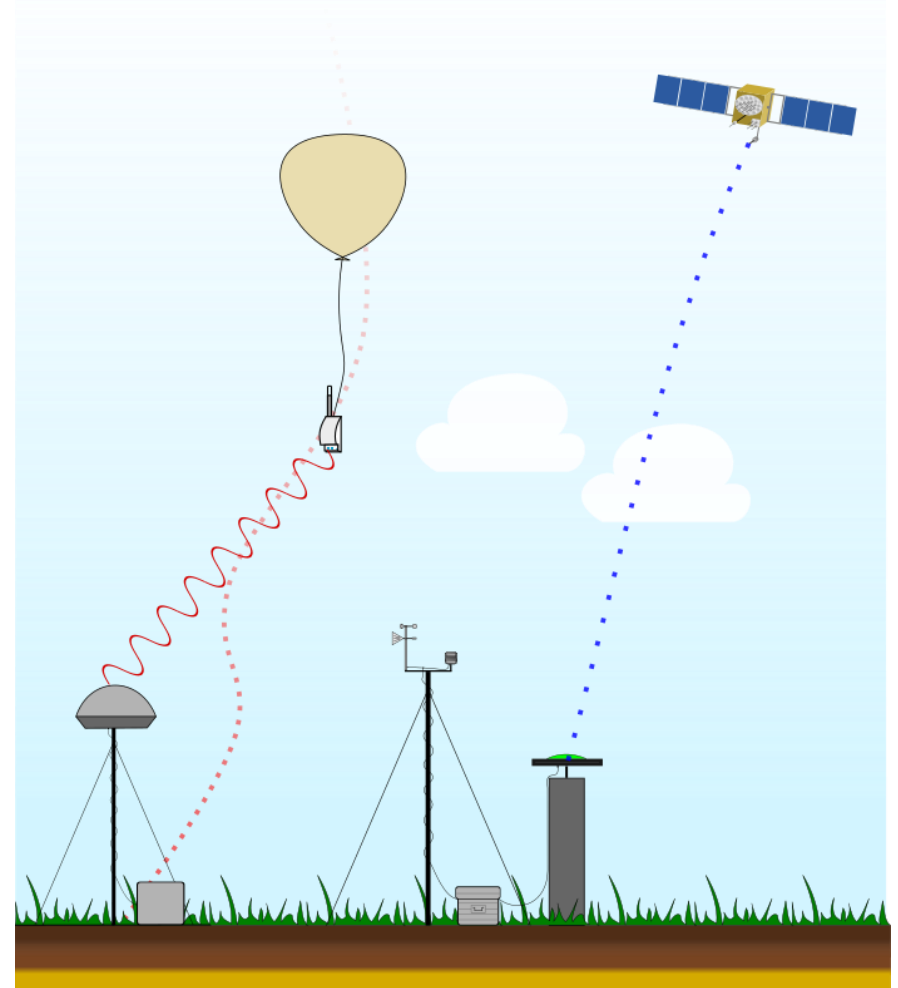
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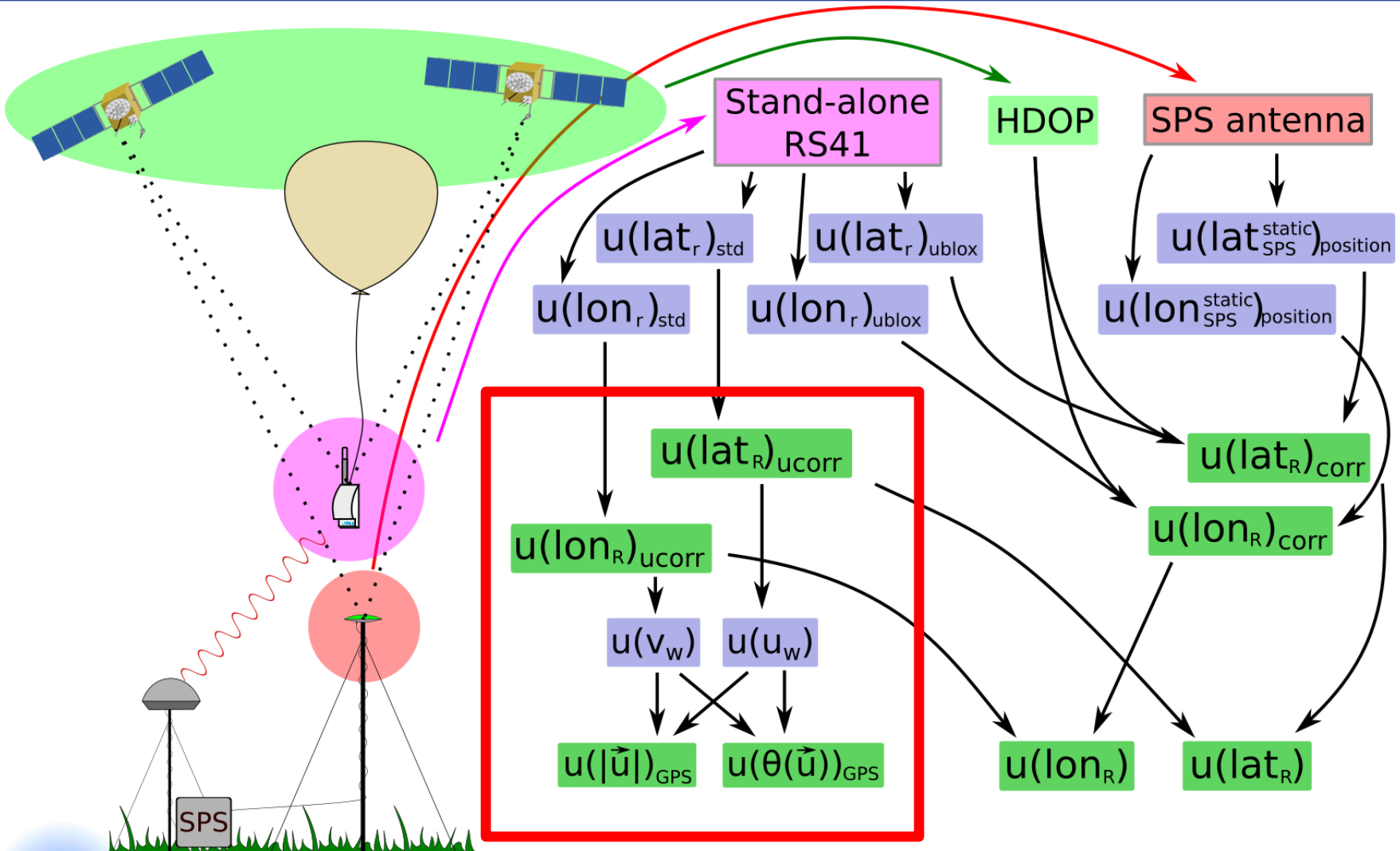
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Wind speed uncertainties

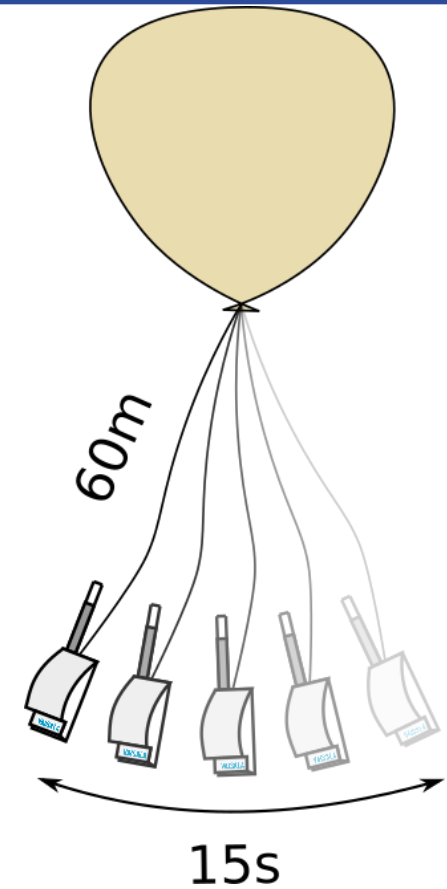
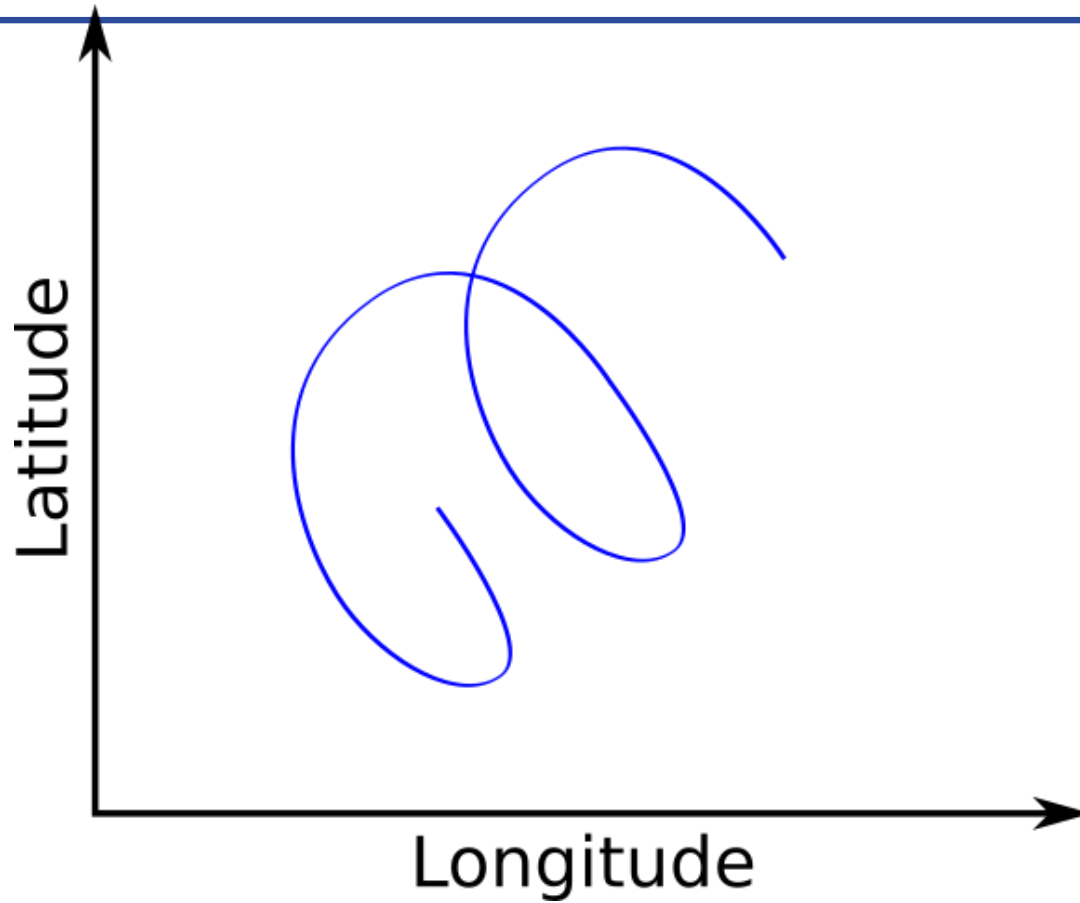
Conclusions and outlook



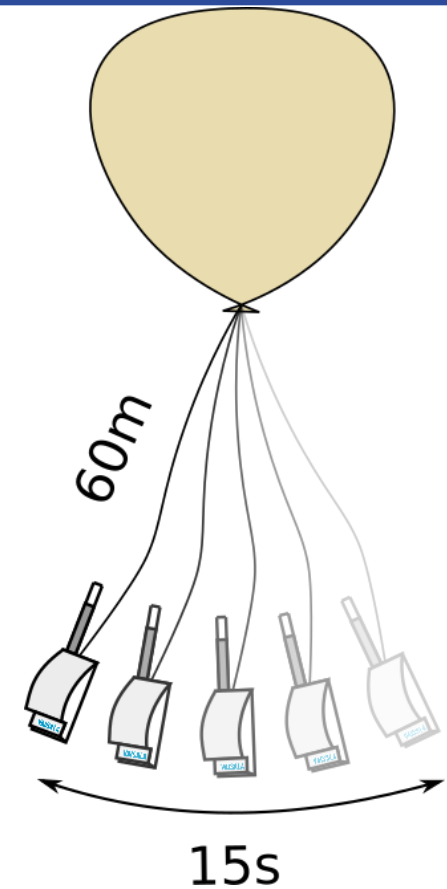
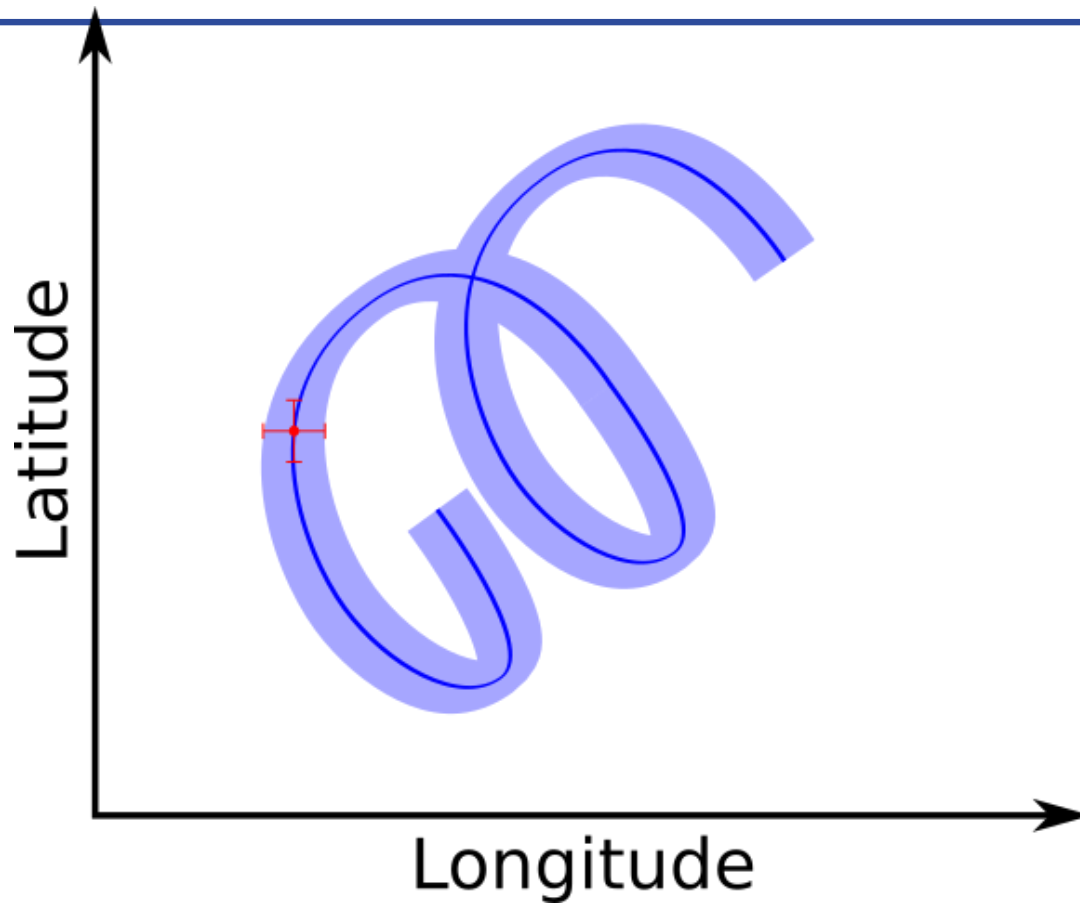
# RS41 Wind uncertainty



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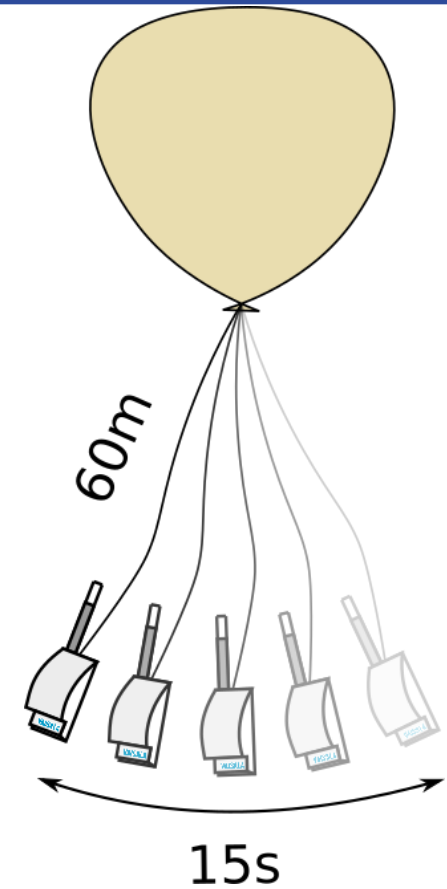
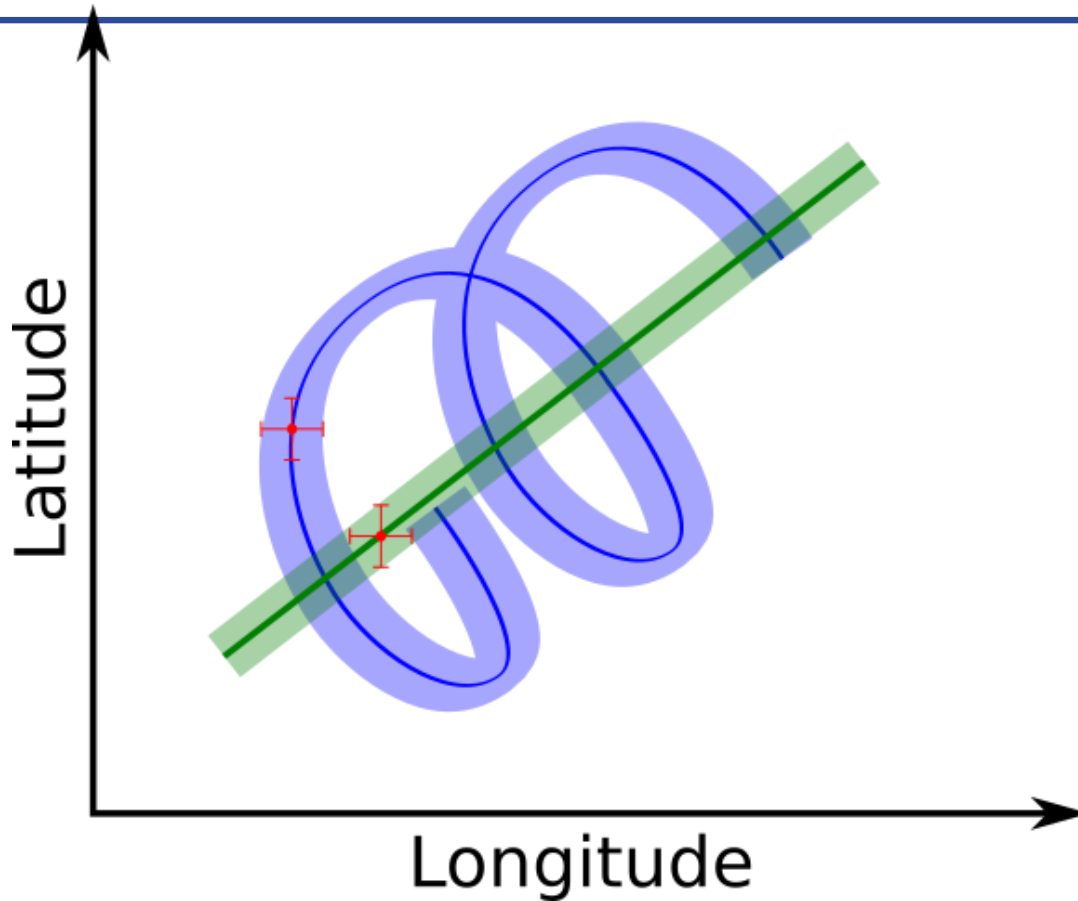
# RS41 Wind uncertainty



$$u(u_w) = \sqrt{2 \cdot u(lat_r)_{ucorr}^2} = \sqrt{2} \cdot u(lat_r)_{ucorr} \approx 0.85[\text{m/s}],$$

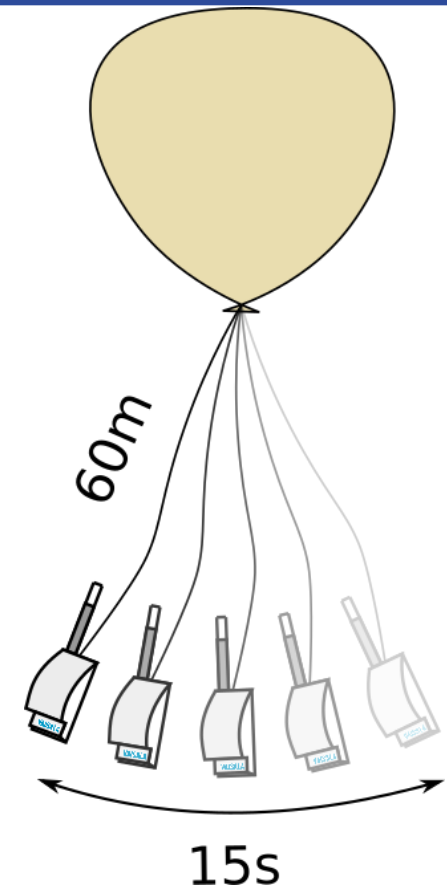
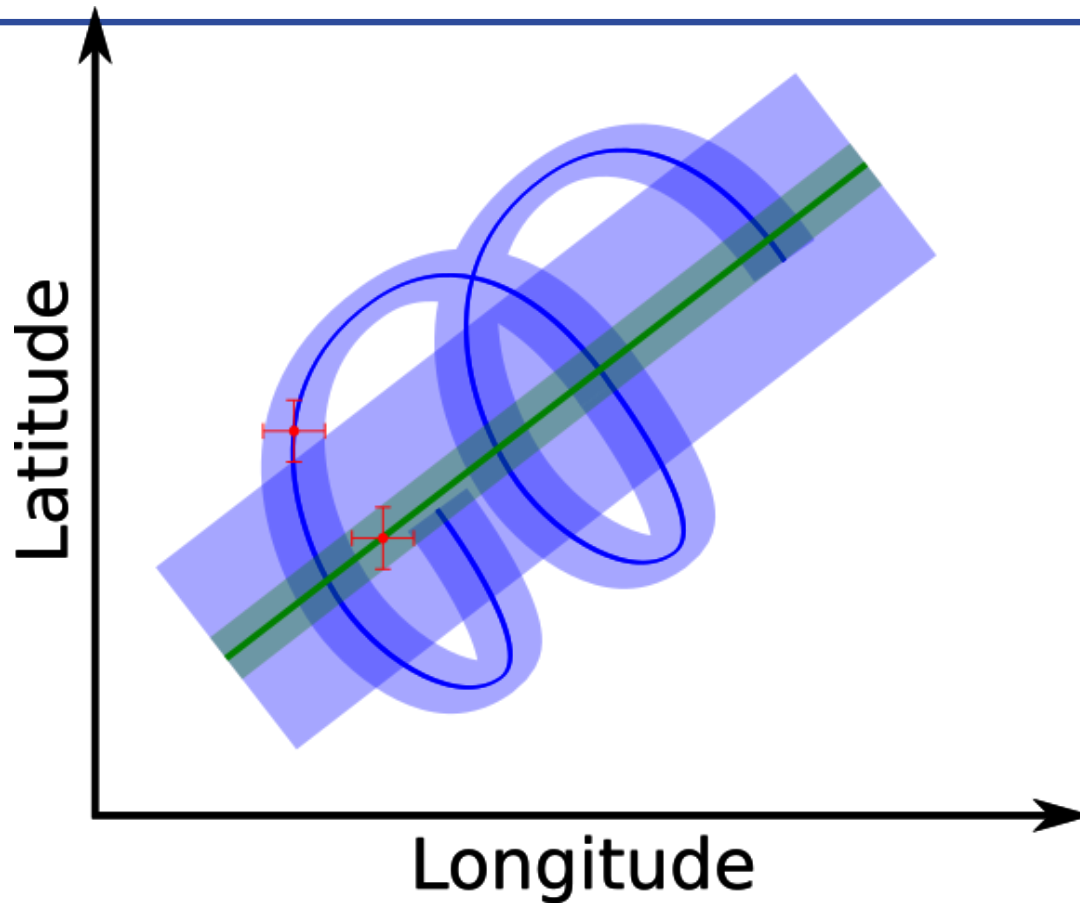
$$u(v_w) = \sqrt{2 \cdot u(lon_r)_{ucorr}^2} = \sqrt{2} \cdot u(lon_r)_{ucorr} \approx 0.85[\text{m/s}].$$

# RS41 Wind uncertainty



$$u(|\vec{u}|)_{\text{GPS}} = \frac{\sqrt{u_w^2 \cdot u^2(u_w) + v_w^2 \cdot u^2(v_w)}}{|\vec{u}|} = u(v_w) \cdot \frac{\sqrt{u_w^2 + v_w^2}}{|\vec{u}|} \approx 0.85[\text{m/s}]$$

# RS41 Wind uncertainty

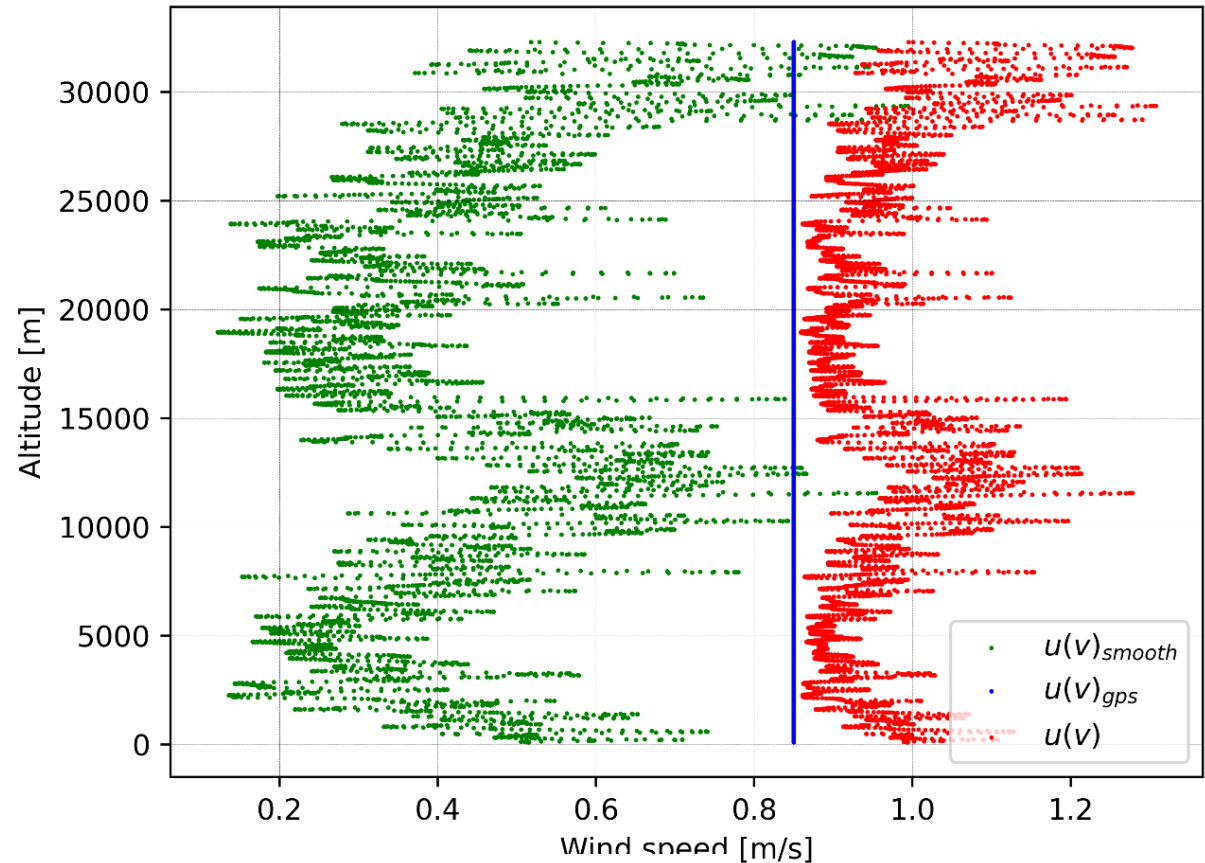


$$u(|\vec{u}|) = \sqrt{u(|\vec{u}|)_{\text{GPS}}^2 + u(|\vec{u}|)_{\text{smooth}}^2}$$

Full wind speed uncertainty:

- GPS random Lat/Lon uncertainties
- Smoothing residual standard deviation
- Both wind speed uncertainties are uncorrelated
- No correlated wind speed uncertainty

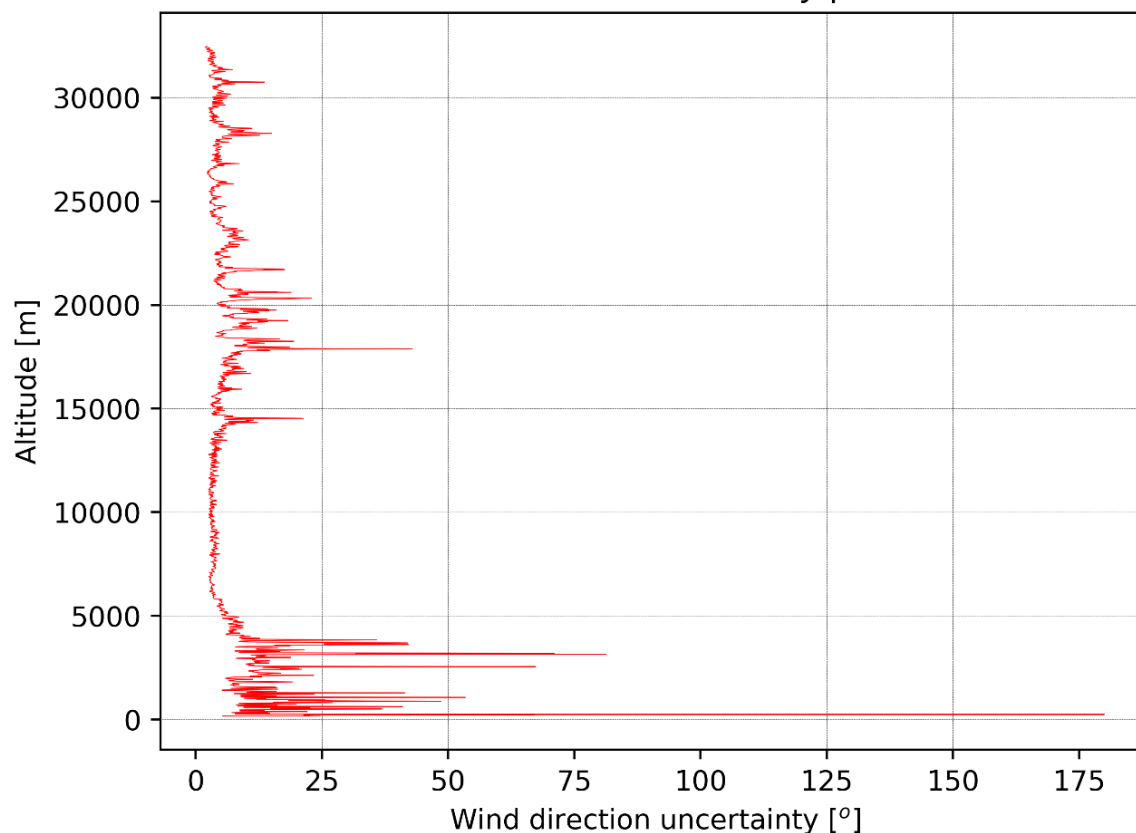
Wind speed uncertainty profile



$$u(|\vec{u}|) = \sqrt{u(|\vec{u}|)_{GPS}^2 + u(|\vec{u}|)_{smooth}^2}$$

## Full wind direction uncertainty is uncorrelated only

Wind direction uncertainty profile



$$u(\theta(\vec{u})) = \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} \frac{\sqrt{u^2 \cdot u^2(v) + v^2 \cdot u^2(u)}}{\vec{u}^2}.$$



RS41 GPS positioning

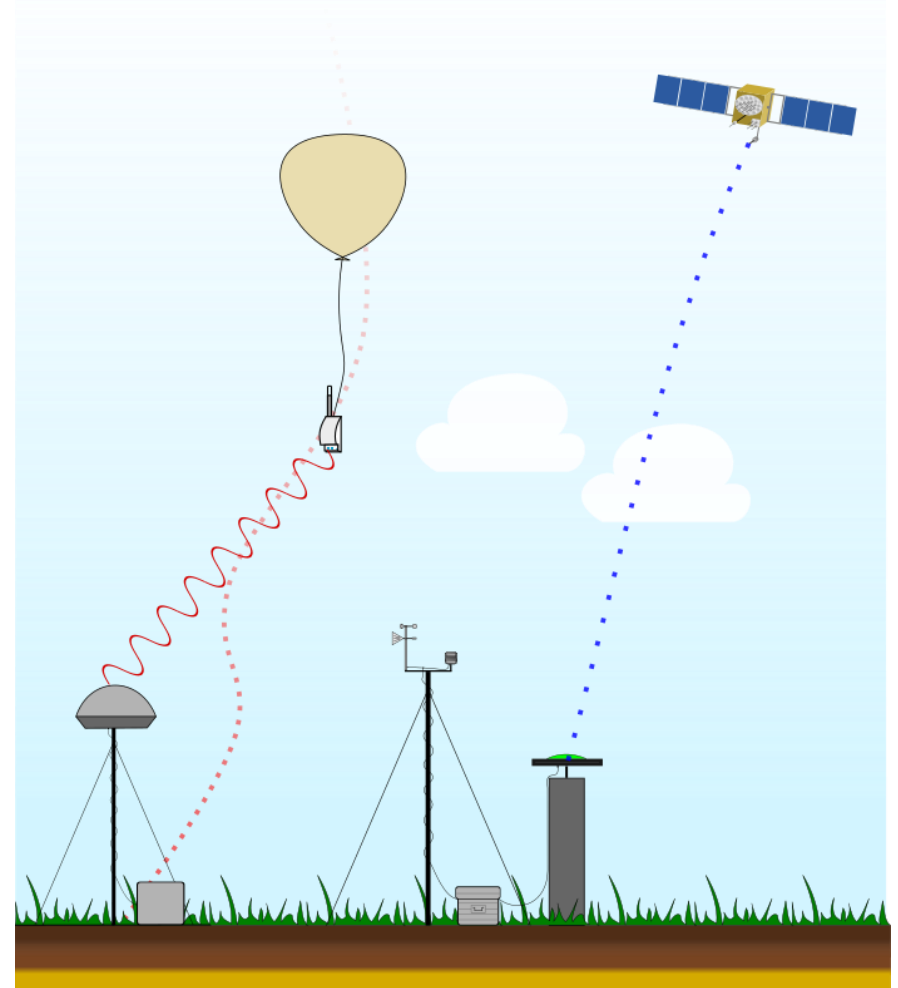
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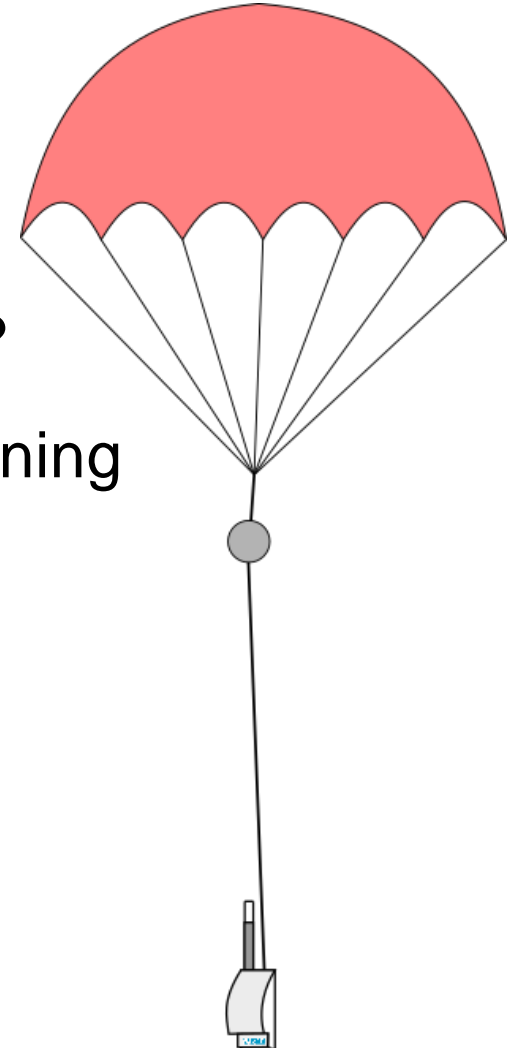
Wind speed uncertainties

Conclusions and outlook



What will be included in RS41 GDP BETA 2?

- New full uncertainties of RS41 GPS positioning
- New uncertainties of pressure from height
- New uncertainties of wind components
- New uncertainties of ventilation





**Thank you for your attention !**

00:09:01:11