

## GRUAN site: Sodankylä, Finland

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#### Location

Sodankylä site is operated by the Finnish Meteorological Institute Arctic Research Centre (FMI-ARC). Location of the site is 67.4 N, 26.6 €, 179 m above mean sea level; Networks: GUAN (WMO 02836), NDACC, GAW. Campaigns: LAUTLOS-WAVVAP; SAUNA-1 & -2; EPS.





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#### FMI Arctic Research Center Observation program at Sodankylä

Observation	Starting year
<b>Ground weather observations</b> ( Automated since 2004)	1908
Radiosondes (Automated 2006)	1949
Solar radiation observations	1957
Radioactivity	1960
Total Ozone observations	1988
Ozone sondes	1988
UV spectrum, NO2 column	1990
Aerosol backscatter profile 490 nm and 940 nm from backscatter sondes	1994
Meteorological Mast Experiment	1999
<ul> <li>✓ Soil parameters</li> <li>✓ Snow parameters</li> <li>✓ Flux measurements,</li> <li>✓ Solar and IR radiation</li> <li>✓ Bio-fluorescence</li> </ul>	

<b>Stratospheric water vapor profile</b> from frost point hygrometer and Lyman-alpha hygrometer		2002
Finr	nish Ultaraviolet Research Centre (FUVIRC)	2002- 2004
~	UVB, UVA, air and soil temperature measurements from FUVIRC ambient UV modulation field for bio-effects of added UV	
Sate instr	llite validation/calibration pixel (new rumentation)	2005- 2009
✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	Continuous reflectance monitoring on <b>a high</b> <b>resolution spectrometer (340 - 2400 nm)</b> from the 30 m tower for satellite image validation (pine forest; lichen covered bare land; snow surface) Atmosphere optical depth in four wavelengths Broad band albedo at variable heights,UV albedo Cloud camera Ground moisture grid	
* * * *	GPS Intergrated water vapor column MW Temperature and RH profiler Lidar for cloud layer heights and fractional coverage Mobile radiosounding station FTIR for GHG columns (2009)	



### Priority 1 variables:

•Surface observations: *available, close proximity to the sounding facility* 

Upper air measurements:
-Radiosondes launched at 12 UT and 00 UT, RS92-SGP, DigiCora-3
-CFH together with RS92
-Sonde comparisons: for example APS

•Ground-based GPS: *available, 20 km from the sonde station* 



#### **Priority 2 variables**

Priority 2 measurements at the site include surface radiation measurements; microwave radiometer measurements of temperature and moisture profiles (22 to 36.5 GHz); integrated trace gas measurements (ozone by Brewer #037, methane by FTIR); column aerosol measurements from sunphotometer (wavelengths of 862, 500, 412 and 368 nm with 5 nm FWHM bandwidth); profiles measurements of ozone by ECC type of sondes; aerosol backscatter profile in situ measurements at 490 nm and 940 nm on campaign basis.



• Which guidelines/manuals do you use when taking measurements, if any?

Standard WMO guidelines; manuals provided by the manufacturers

• What is your data dissemination practice?

Data are submitted through the GTS and the FMI web server (fmiarc.fmi.fi) Other data submissions: WOUDC, NDACC, NILU, AVDC



# Needs: What do you need from lead centre / working group / secretariat?

 Regular meetings to discuss the best practices and possible data corrections: for example timelag corrections, empirical corrections, remaining uncertainties; what will be the reference instrument, how often the reference measurements should be made; timing in case of the sonde measurements; recommendations for the metadata; campaigns; publications; need for new instruments; funding possibilities, etc.



# News: Are there any scientific or organizational developments we should be aware of?

- FTIR installation in December 2008: carbon dioxide, methane, etc.
- COBALD/BKS flights in January 2009: aerosol backscatter ratio profiles
- LAPBIAT campaign in January 2010: CFH/NOAA; FLASH-B; APS; RS92; COBALD/BKS; MW; GPS; <u>www.sgo.fi/lapbiat2</u>



## Sonde comparisons

Hygrometer intercomparison campaign in Sodankylä in Feb 2004. The focus of this project is the improvement of water vapor measurement techniques in the Upper Troposphere and Lower Stratosphere.

## Radiosondes: RS80-A, RS80-H, RS90, RS92 and FN

Frost point hygrometers: NOAA/CMDL, CFH and Snow White Ly-alpha: FLASH-B





From Suortti et al., 2008 (JAOT)

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